

NVivo Qualitative Data Analysis (QDA) Tool Demo

Grad Success Week 2023

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Office of Institutional Analysis

May 2, 2023



Learning Outcomes from this Session

- Basic navigation of NVivo 12 Plus tool
- Basic features: importing data, coding, creating and managing nodes
- Basic ways to display results
- Places to go for help with NVivo

Final Remarks and Some Helpful Resources





Outline

- About NVivo
- Lumivero NVivo website
- Downloading NVivo from UCalgary IT software distribution
- NVivo tool
- Importing a file, coding text, managing nodes
- Displaying results

About NVivo



- One of the top qualitative data analysis (QDA) software tools in the world
- Owned by QSR International (started in 1995 by Tom and Lyn Richards)
- Originated as NUD*IST
 - Non numerical Unstructured Data Indexing Searching and Theorizing software created by Tom Richards in early 1980s. Tom is a computer scientist and Lyn is a sociologist, La Trobe University, Australia.
 - Becomes NVivo in 1999 (Tom Richards and Lynn Richards, early 1990s)



- Can import text, audio, video, emails, images, spreadsheets, online surveys, web content and social media from various sources
- e.g., Word, Excel, PDF, recorded interviews, etc.

 Caution: Mac users may find NVivo works in slightly different ways, and there may be some limitations.

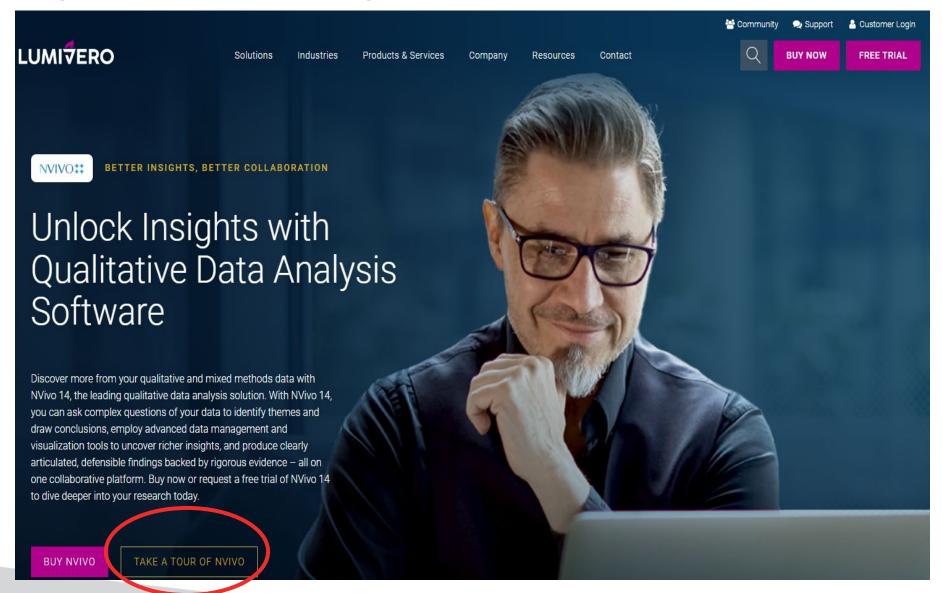


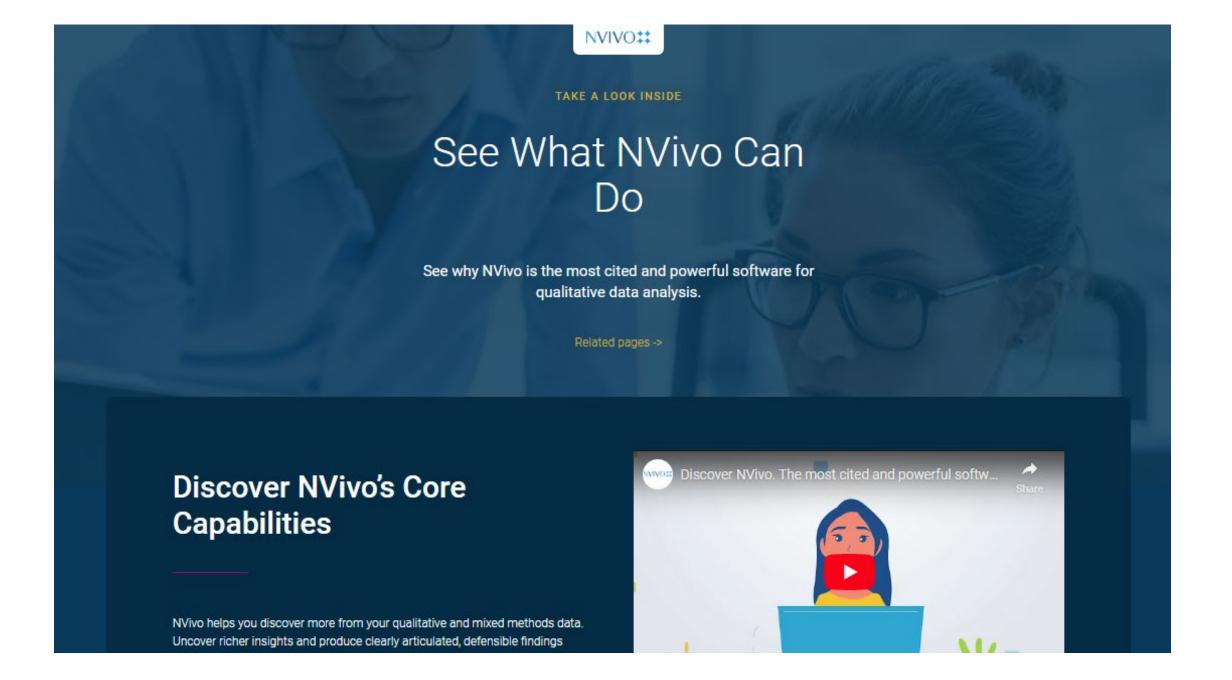
 October 2022: QSR International, Palisade and Addinsoft partner to create Lumivero

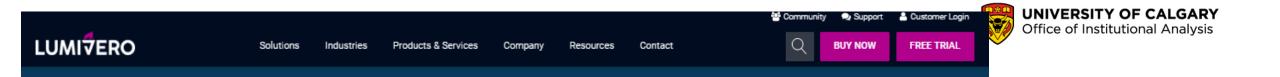
 NVivo Academy offers a certificate program. Don't know if this is still offered under Lumivero.

https://lumivero.com/products/nvivo/





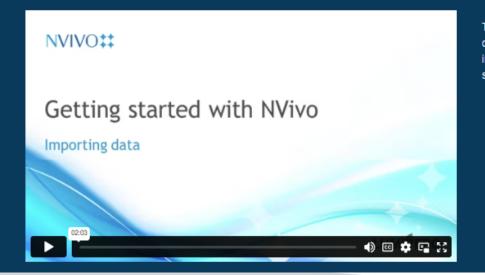




NVivo: Key Concepts

NVivo organizes, analyzes and visualizes qualitative data to find the patterns for rigorous results that can be shared with stakeholders.

Importing Coding Memos Cases Classifications Queries Visualizations



The type of material you include in your project depends on your research questions and methodology—NVivo lets you import a wide range of materials, including interview transcripts, journal articles, audio/video recordings, and social media content.



Download NVivo from IT Software Distribution Site

- The University of Calgary has an enterprise licence for NVivo.
 - Currently, is NVivo 12. NVivo 14 will be available soon.
- It is free for students, staff and faculty.
- You can download it from the IT Software Download site.

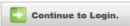
University Software Distribution

Please read this document as it has important information regarding eligibility of software licensed to the University of Calgary.

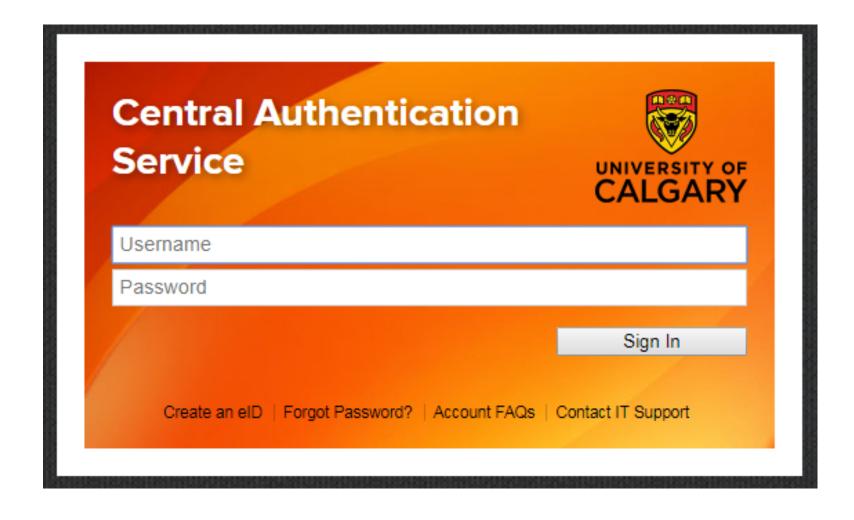
Faculty, Staff & Students are eligible to request software based on your user classification. Each software product will have different accessibility based on the terms of the Vendor's license agreement.

Steps for Requesting and downloading software

- You must authenticate to the site with your IT Username (i.e. dcherry, NOT, dcherry@ucalgary.ca or NOT your elD which may be different from your IT Username).
- 2. When you Select the software:
 - If you see a link to Request License, you are eligible to get a license to use the software.
 - If you see a link to Send Request*, user classification defines you as being not eligible for requesting the software.
 You can send a message to itsoftware@ucalgary.ca to inquire about getting the software.
- 3. Software is either Automatically Approved or Pending Approval.
 - If the software is automatically Approved you will be presented with a Download link. You can download software
 right away or sign back in later to download.
 - If the software is **Pending approval**, you will receive an Email saying the request is submitted and another Email
 when it is approved instructing you to sign in to download the software.
- 4. Downloading the software. The software can be distributed in a number of different downloadable formats. It is important to download and Read the Read_Me file as it will contain instruction on the files required and the installation instructions. Some software packages consist of a number of large files. Please ensure that you have some time set aside for this process as some software installations do take longer than others.











Menu

Software List

Logout

Quick Links

Contact Us

Software List

Software	Version	More Info		
Analysis of Texts & Other Qualitative Data				
NVivo (Licensed to May 31, 2023)	12	<u>Info</u>	[Select]	
GIS/Remote Sensing/Simulation				
Abaqus (licensed to August 31, 2023)	2019 & 2020	<u>Info</u>	[Select]	
PCI Geomatica (Licensed to March 31, 2022)	2019 Banff	<u>Info</u>	[Select]	
ANSYS (Licensed to July 31 2023)	2019R2 & 2021R1	<u>Info</u>	[Select]	
Catalyst (Licensed to March 31, 2023)	2222	Info	[Select]	
ArcGIS (Liconsod to Juno 30, 2023)	Pro 2.0 sn2 & Doskton 10.8.2	Info	[Soloct]	



There are two different editions of NVivo. Difference between NVivo 12 Pro and Plus.

NVivo 12 Pro

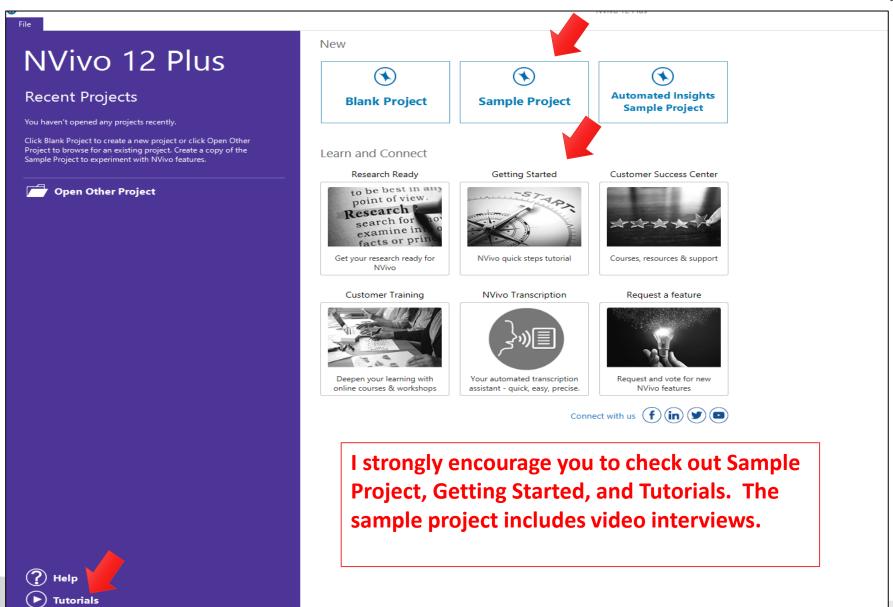
- Integrates with reference management tools (e.g. EndNote, RefWorks, Zotero)
- Supports multi-media files
- Analyse all forms of unstructured data
- Text, audio, video, images, spreadsheets
- Querying, matrix coding queries (for making comparisons)
- NCapture to capture social media content

NVivo 12 Plus

- All of NVivo 12 Pro functions
- Additional and more powerful features supporting analysis
- Automatically identify themes and sentiments
- Automatically create social network visualizations from social media data

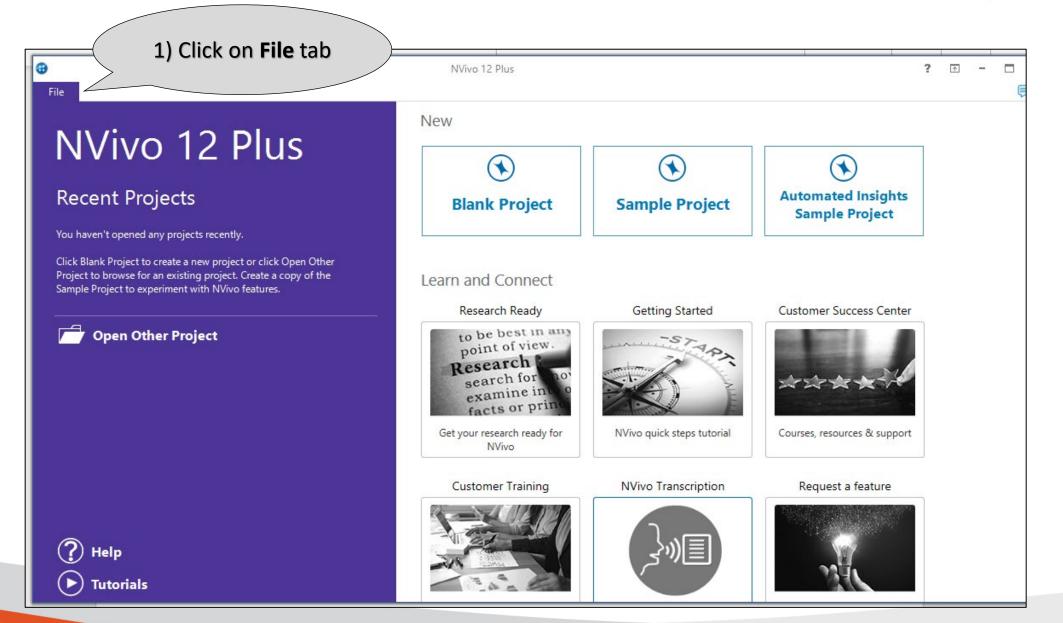
This is what you see when you open NVivo



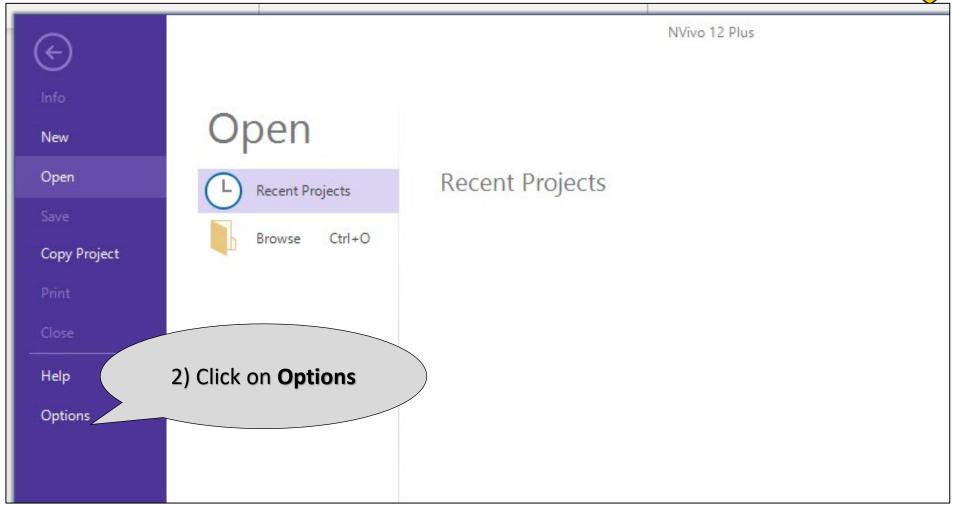


You can switch between Pro and Plus editions.









NVivo 12 Plus

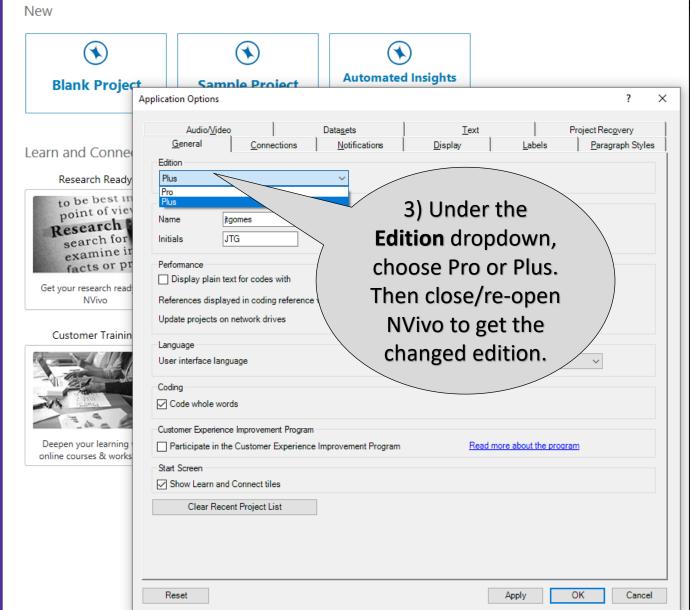
Recent Projects

You haven't opened any projects recently.

Click Blank Project to create a new project or click Open Other Project to browse for an existing project. Create a copy of the Sample Project to experiment with NVivo features.



Open Other Project



Assumption – before you start:

You have set up your research project properly.

Do this before you even start thinking about using NVivo, or any other QDA tool.



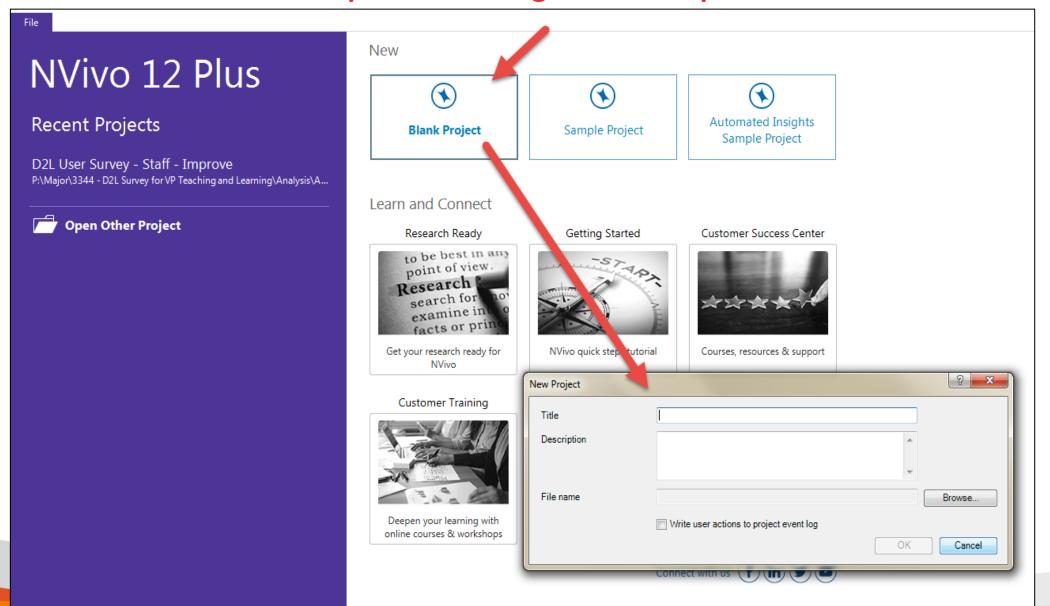


A design framework will help you: (check out: NVivo training materials)

- What are the **types of data** you will be analysing interviews, news articles, etc.
- What are the units of analysis person, place, etc.
- What are the variables NVivo's attributes gender, population, etc.
 What variables are you comparing?
- What is the study's **time frame** e.g., longitudinal
- What are some big themes? identify broad/general topic areas you will want for coding (e.g., "community")
- This will help you estimate how much coding you will need to do.
- The effort you put to this part will cut down on coding errors later.

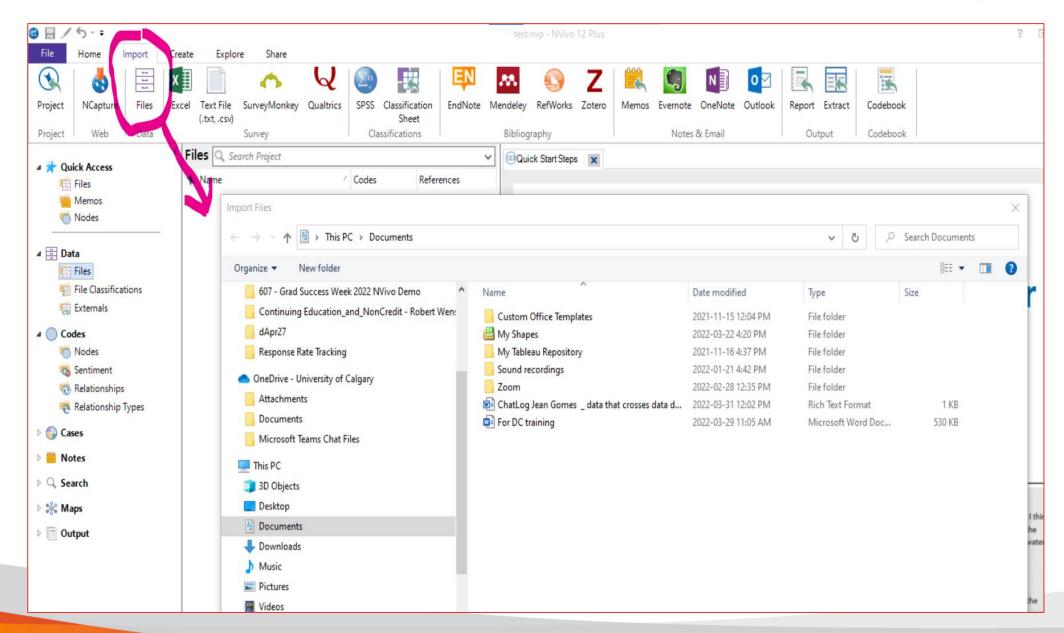
You can open a Blank Project. Then fill in New Project window to create a new file. OR open an existing file. OR import a file.



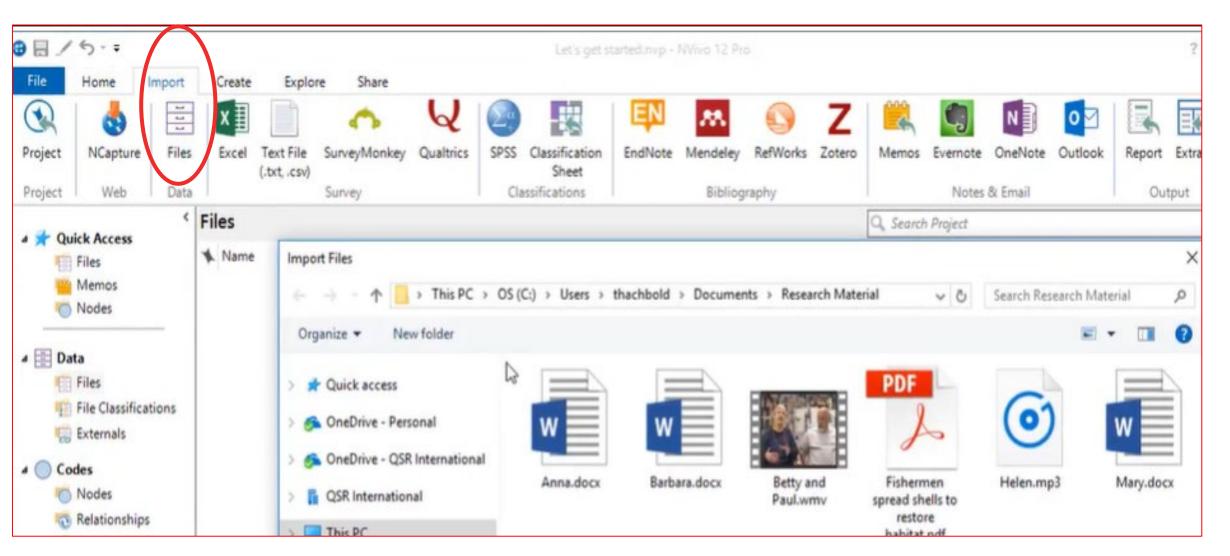


Importing a file, coding text, managing nodes



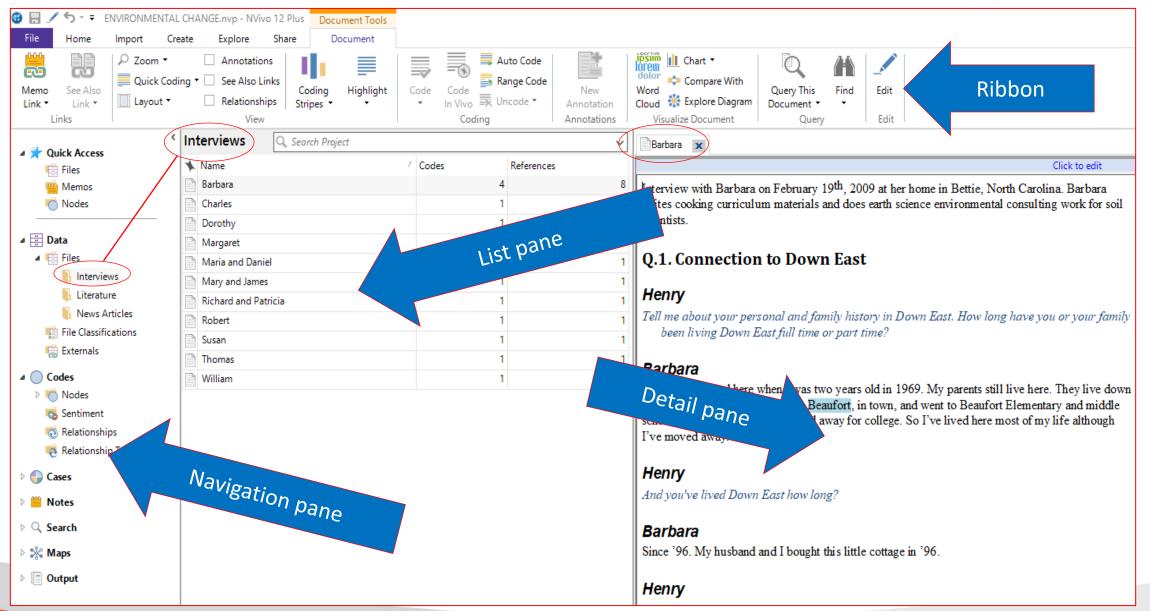






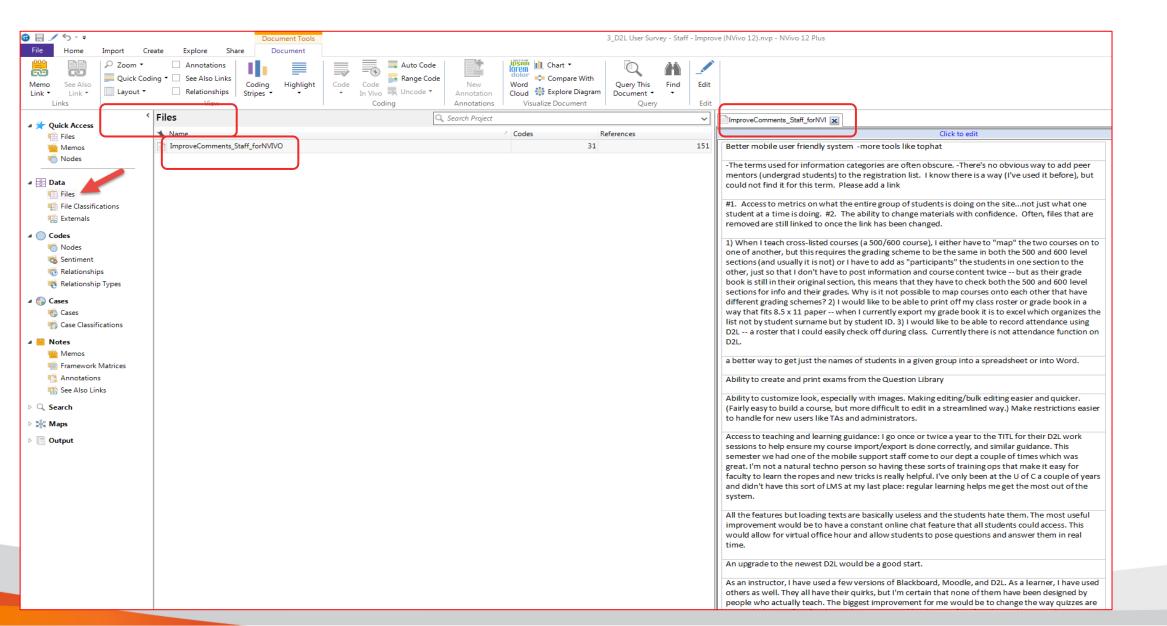
NVivo workspace basically comprised of four panes.





Data >> Files ...Displays your text in the detail pane (right-side panel). Create folders to store your interviews, news articles, etc.





Before coding..... let's talk about nodes



Nodes are like themes or bins

 "A node is like a container for qualitative data (themes, or concepts). It is a way to tag your data and sources in order to find and analyze trends or patterns. When you code information at a node it may appear that you are moving your data from its original source, but really you are simply adding tags to the source." (source: Columbia University Libraries:

http://library.columbia.edu/locations/dssc/nvivo_guide/nvivo_terminology.html#d_child_node)

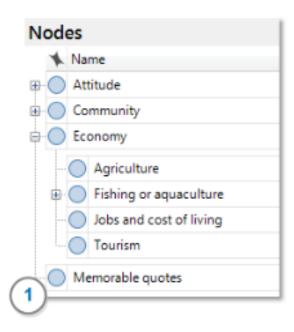
- Create and delete
- Move and copy
- Rename
- You can code one comment to many nodes

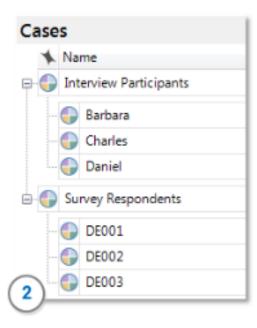
I am focusing only on theme nodes in this presentation.



Theme nodes and case nodes

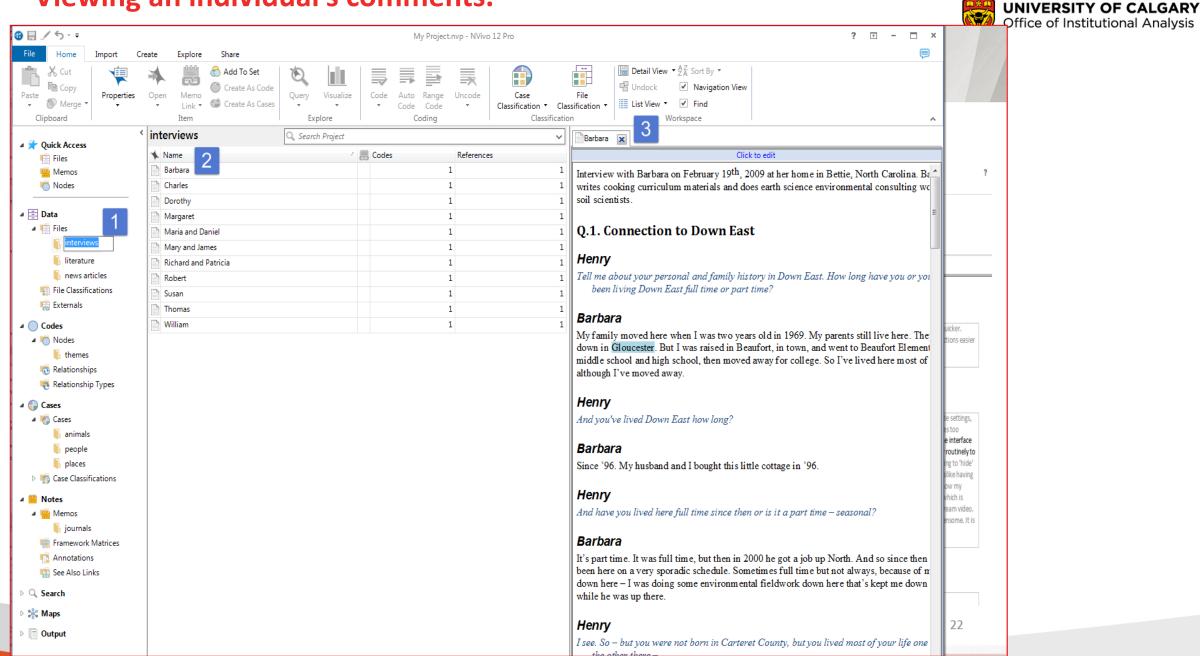
You can create different types of nodes in your NVivo project to represent the themes and cases in your data.





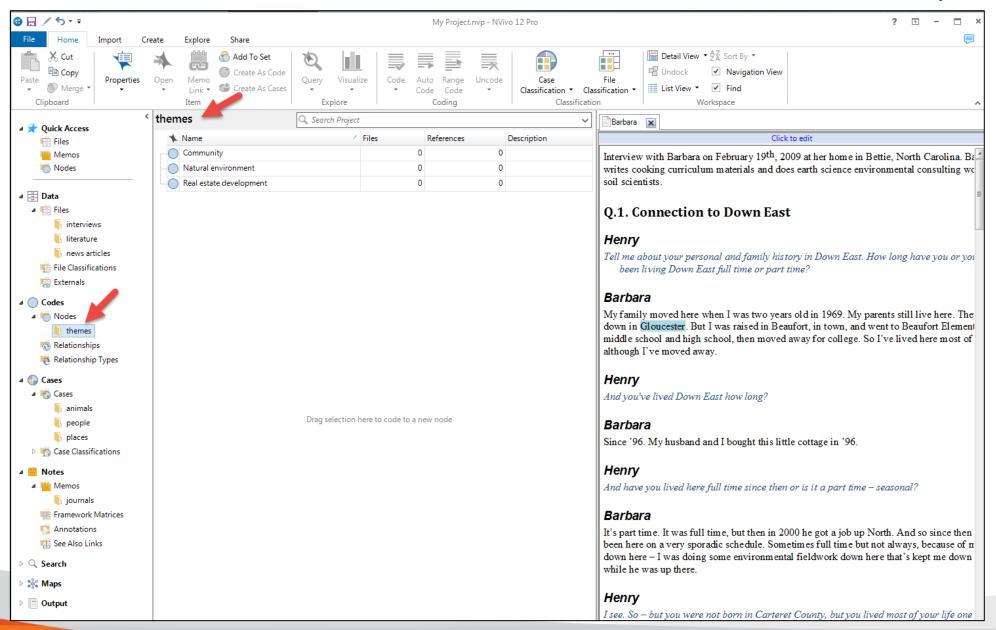
- 1 Theme nodes represent the topics found in your files. These nodes might be descriptive (this text is about that topic) or more analytical (this issue matters because...).
- 2 Case nodes represent your 'units of observation'—which might include people, places, sites or organizations. You can use case classifications to record information about your cases.

Viewing an individual's comments.



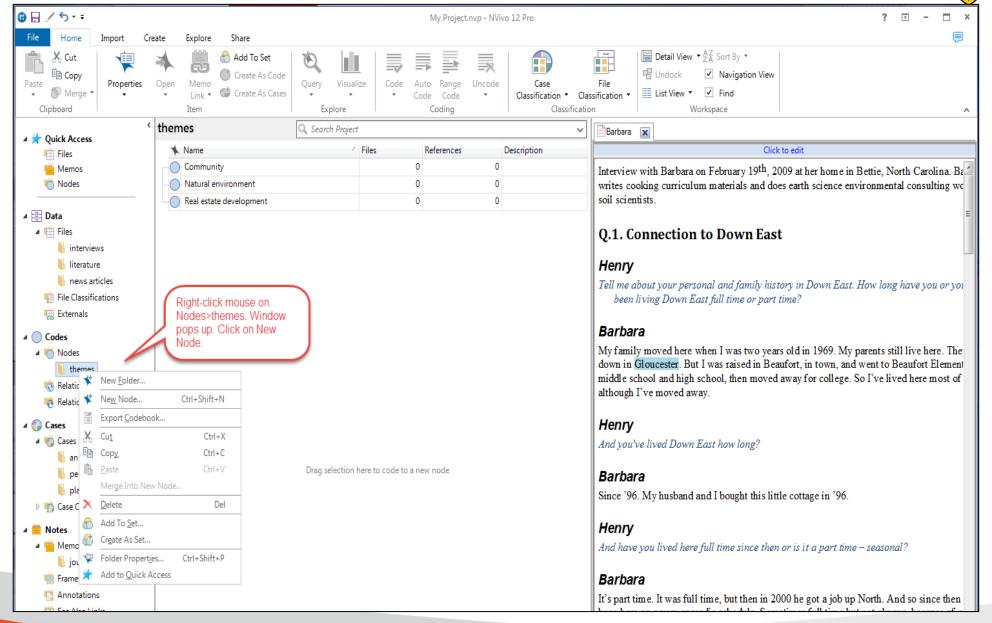
Creating new themes in Nodes.





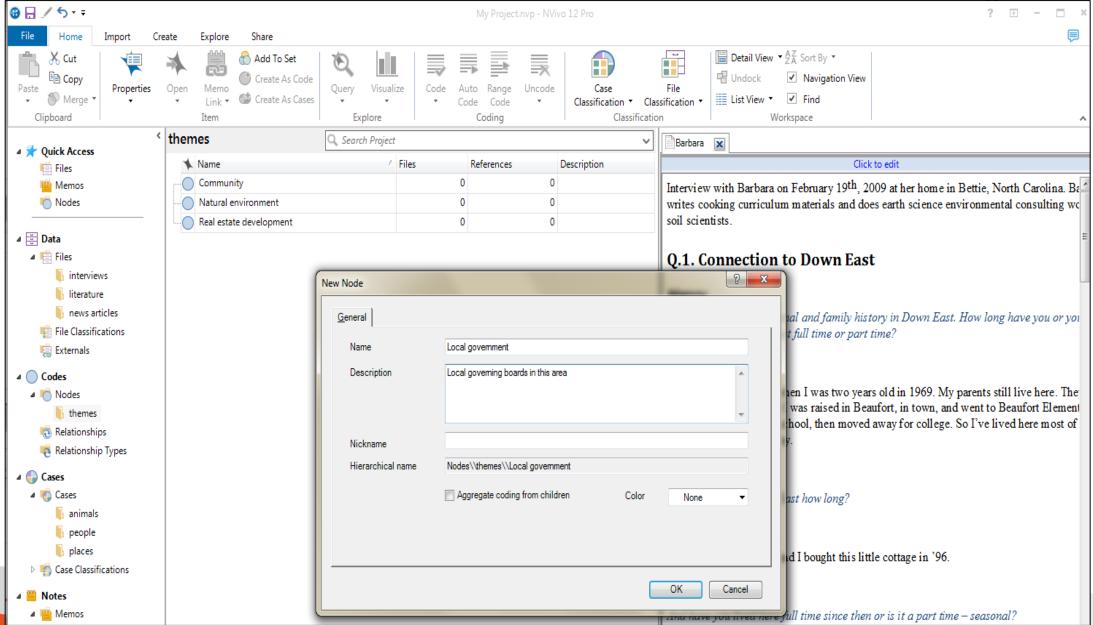
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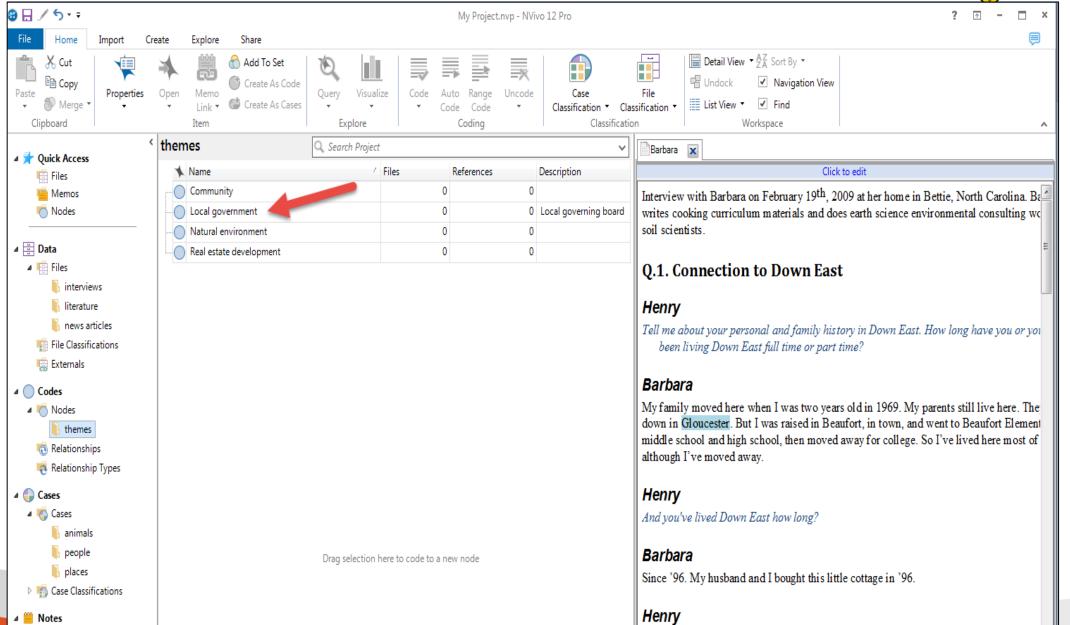
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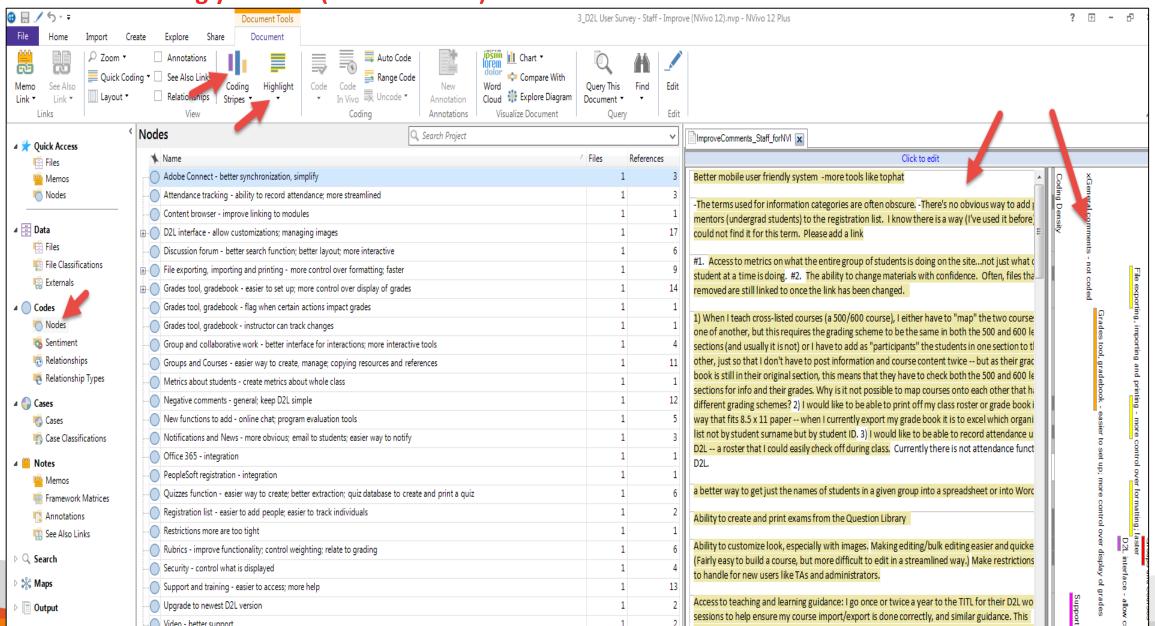


Done!

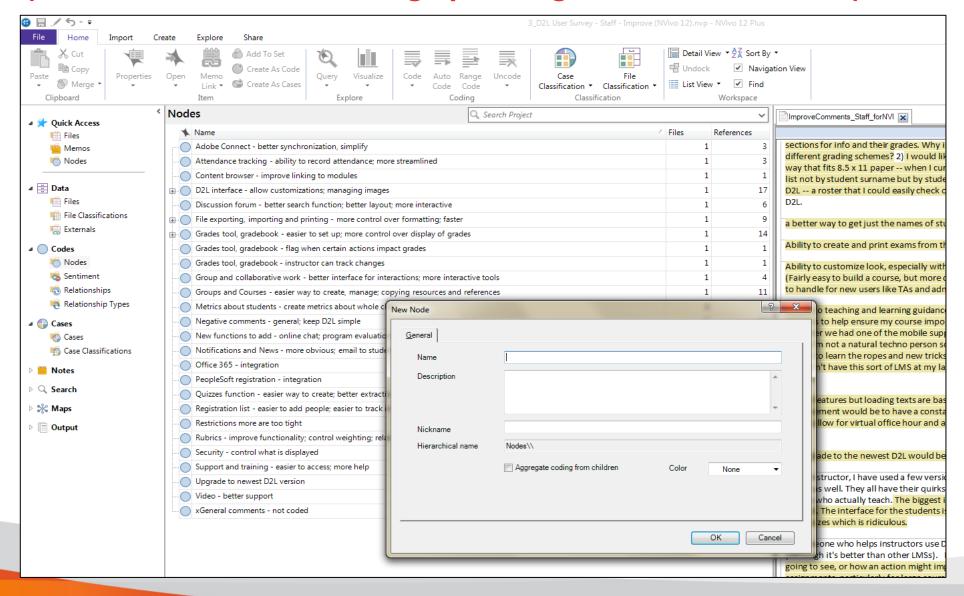




Turn on Coding Stripes and Highlight. These are great visual aids. Click on Nodes. Create your nodes. Continue coding your text (see next slide).



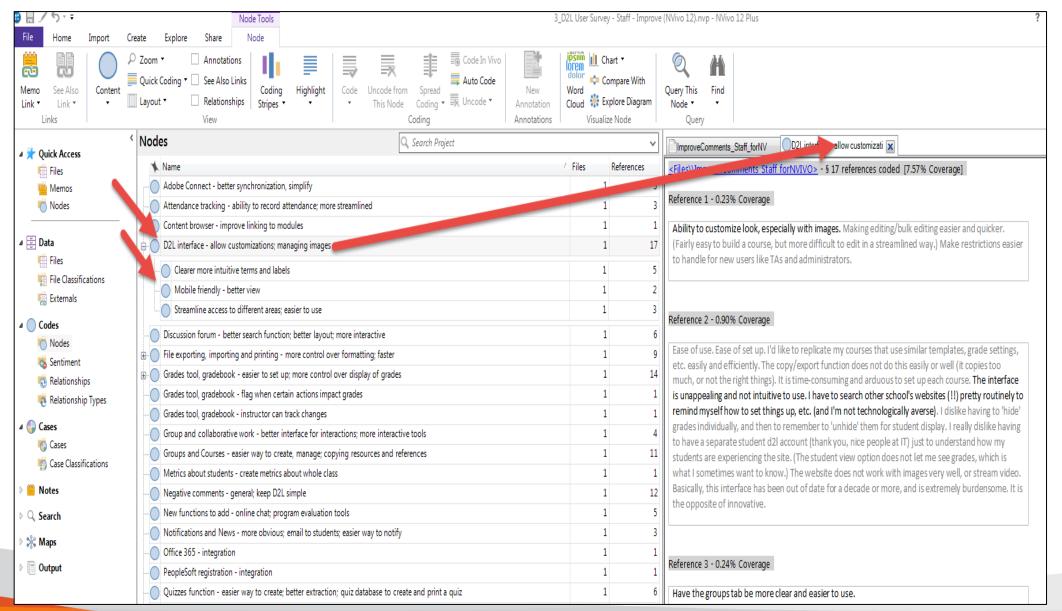
Keep creating nodes as you read. Highlight text drag/drop into Nodes. Coding strips and highlights will show your work. (NVivo does sentiment coding by looking at words in isolation.)



You can create subnodes (child nodes).



Click on a node and a detail pane opens showing all comments coded to that node.



Some best practices about nodes



- Remember: nodes are bins that hold themes
- Do continual housekeeping; decluttering; re-arranging
- Review your nodes after you've created about 20 of them
- Keep similar nodes together ("like with like")
 - never duplicate a node
- Usually, you would have about 10 top level nodes at most
 - 3 levels deep at most (subnodes)

This handout will be available to you along with today's demo.

Perfecting The Art Of Qualitative Coding

Written by Philip Adu January 31, 2016

Dr. Philip Adu is a Methodology Expert at the National Center for Academic & Dissertation Excellence (NCADE) in The Chicago School of Professional Psychology (TCSPP). In this post, he takes us through the stages of qualitative coding and, along the way, outlines the features he finds most useful.

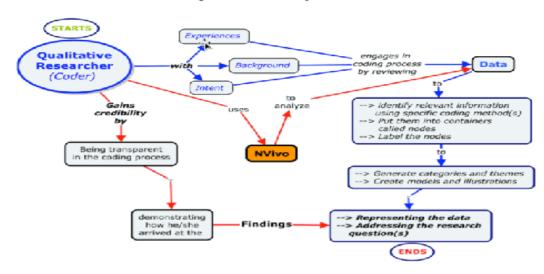
Think about analyzing interview transcripts: capturing significant information from the data and putting them into 'containers', called codes (in NVivo).

What about labeling each code created, providing a brief description about each of the codes, and documenting your reflections?

You then sort the codes into 'big containers' called parent codes based on their content similarities and unique relationships.

Lastly, you use the parent codes (i.e. themes) to address the research question(s). Here's an illustration of the high-level process:

Qualitative Analysis Process



-

Build an efficient node hierarchy



Take time out from coding to reflect on your nodes and organize the themes that are emerging. Reasons for keeping your nodes organized include:

- Being able to find your nodes easily saves time during the coding process.
- If you have trouble finding a node, you are less likely to use it consistently.
- You are more likely to lose or confuse ideas in an unwieldy node structure.

Here are some strategies for building an efficient node structure:

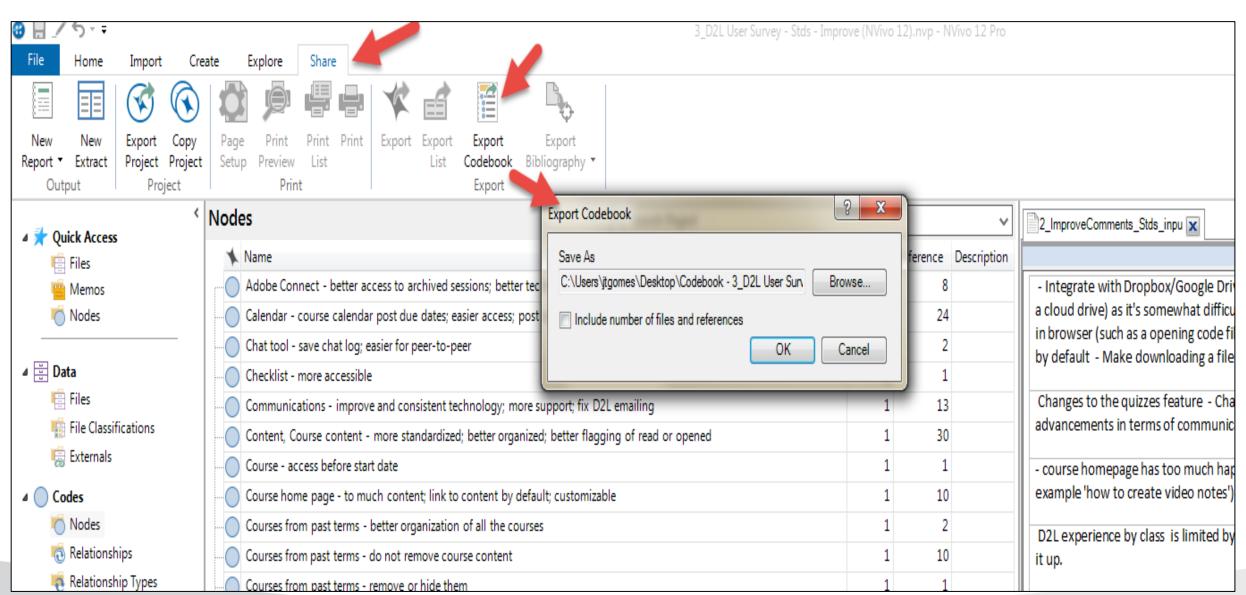
- Keep node names short and pertinent.
- Make sure a node only appears once in the whole hierarchy.
- Try not to combine concepts in a node. For example, instead of coding some text at *skeptical attitudes about government policy, c*ode it to both of these nodes:
 - skeptical attitudes
 - government policy

Remember that you can use queries to gather your coded content in all sorts of combinations—for example, find all content coded at the node *skeptical attitudes* AND at the node *government policy*.

- Try not to force nodes into a hierarchy—if a node is not related to any other concept then leave it at the top level.
- Try not to nest more than 3 levels deep if you can help it.
- Make a node to gather 'great quotes'.
- Prune your nodes regularly. Merge, reorganize, rename.

Create a nodes Codebook to list your nodes and descriptions







My Project

Nodes

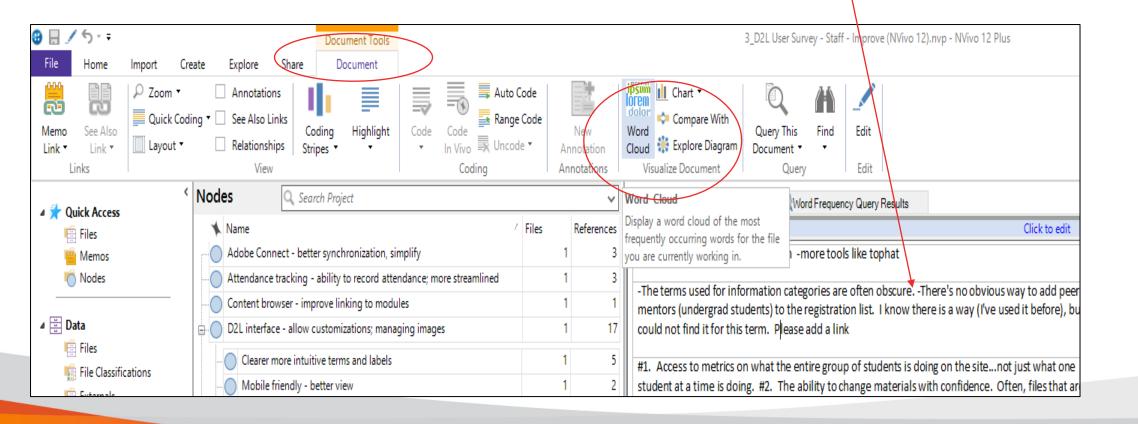
Name	Description
Adobe Connect - better access to archived sessions; better technology; reliable audio	
Calendar - course calendar post due dates; easier access; post other appointments	
Chat tool - save chat log; easier for peer- to-peer	
Checklist - more accessible	

The codebook is useful if you have included descriptions of your nodes when you created them. Otherwise, this is just blank.

Displaying Results

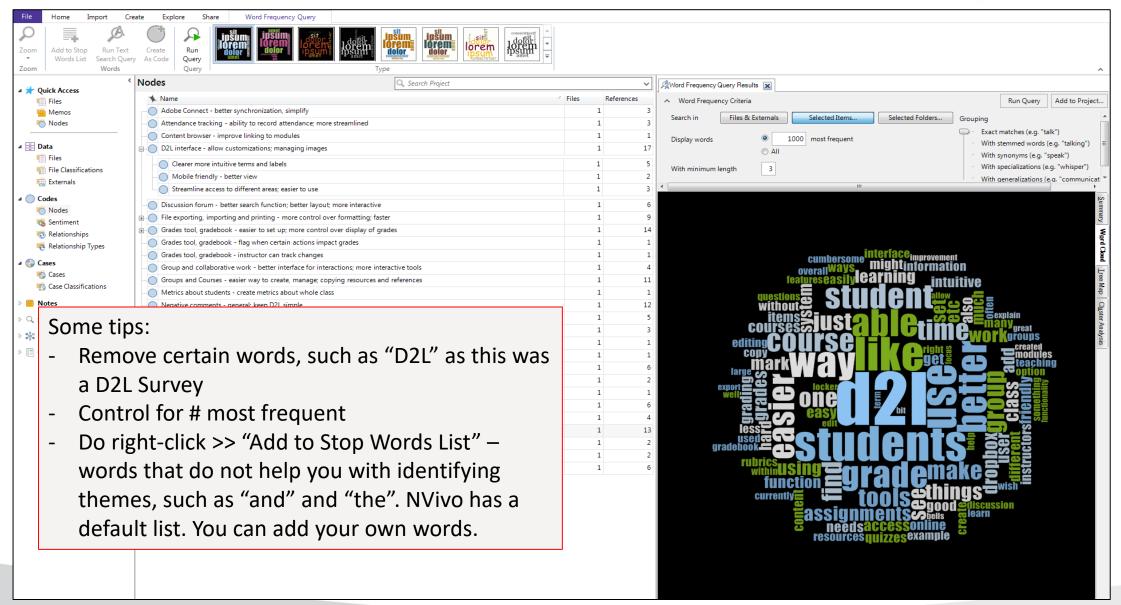


First, click inside the detail pane. The ribbon will display **Document Tools**. Let's choose Word Cloud.



Word Cloud





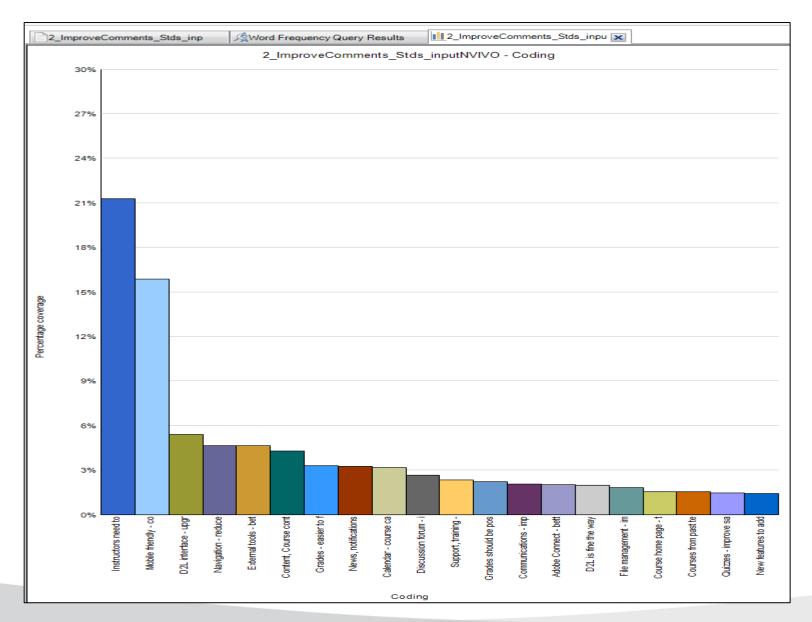
Tree Map – size of rectangle represents # coding references



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		interface	way	sometimes	things	assignmer	classes	website	online	quizzes	something	
C	ourse	1		class	helpful	back	dates	connect	useful	even	improved	
		like	navigate	just	much	etc	everythin		check	really	current	
									confusing	change	features	

Bar Graph





Some Helpful Resources



- Use the webinars/tutorials in NVivo website and NVivo tool.
- Google/You Tube videos be careful, the information may be dated
- **Dr. Paul Pival**, ppival@ucalgary.ca, Research Librarian Data Analytics' Economics Liaison Librarian
 - Paul has great expertise in using NVivo. He assists students and researchers.
 - https://libguides.ucalgary.ca/guides/nvivo
- Handout: Perfecting the Art of Qualitative Coding by Philip Adu
- International Institute for Qualitative Methodology, based in Univ of Alberta, https://www.ualberta.ca/international-institute-for-qualitative-methodology/index.html
- Using NVivo in Qualitative Research by Lyn Richards
- Bazeley, Pat and Jackson, Kristi (2013). Qualitative Data Analysis with NVivo, Sage Publications
- Silver, Christina and Lewins, Ann (2014). Using Software in Qualitative Research: A Step by Step Guide,
 Sage Publications



Thank you for attending this session about NVivo!