

Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended March 31, 2015

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STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY



The University of Calgary ("the University") is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and has prepared them in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards as described in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the University as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations, remeasurement gains and losses and cash flow for the year then ended.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, the University has developed and maintains a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that the University's assets are safeguarded from loss and that the accounting records are a reliable basis for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Governors carries out its responsibility for review of the consolidated financial statements principally through its Audit Committee. The Audit Committee meets with Management and the External Auditor to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters. The External Auditor has full access to the Audit Committee, with and without the presence of Management.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015 have been reported on by the Auditor General of the Province of Alberta, the auditor appointed under *The Post-secondary Learning Act*. The Independent Auditor's Report outlines the scope of his examination and provides his opinion on the fairness of presentation of the information in the consolidated financial statements.

[Original signed by Elizabeth Cannon]

[Original signed by Linda Dalgetty]

President & Vice-Chancellor

Vice-President, Finance and Services



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Governors of the University of Calgary

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the University of Calgary, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the consolidated statements of operations, remeasurement gains and losses, and cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University of Calgary as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations, its remeasurement gains and losses, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

[Original signed by Merwan N. Saher, FCA]

Auditor General

May 29, 2015 Edmonton, Alberta

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



		2015		2014
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$	199,870	\$	392,288
Portfolio investments (Note 5)	·	1,731,139	•	1,395,273
Accounts receivable		65,355		90.012
Inventory and prepaid expenses		31,341		29,968
Tangible capital assets (Note 7)		1,713,659		1,626,849
Investment in government business enterprises (Note 8)		586		3,702
	\$	3,741,950	\$	3,538,092
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	156,752	\$	149,156
Employee future benefit liabilities (Note 9)	·	132,572	•	134,267
Debt (Note 10)		277,166		298,897
Deferred revenue (Note 11)		1,778,730		1,751,224
	\$	2,345,220	\$	2,333,544
Net Assets				
Endowments (Note 12)	\$	790,568	\$	661,842
Accumulated operating surplus (Note 13)	•	589,944	•	536,032
Accumulated remeasurement gains		16,218		6,674
	\$	1,396,730	\$	1,204,548
	\$	3,741,950	\$	3,538,092

Contingent liabilities and guarantees, and contractual obligations (Note 14 and 15)

Approved by the Board of Governors:

[Original signed by Bonnie DuPont] [Original signed by Linda Dalgetty]

Chair, Board of Governors Vice-President, Finance and Services

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (thousands of dollars)



						CALGAR
		2015 Budget (Note 16)		2015		2014
Revenue	¢	500 007	•	644.040	Φ.	E7E C04
Government of Alberta grants (Note 20)	\$	580,827 139,926	\$	614,219 127,347	\$	575,604 124.954
Federal and other government grants Sales of services and products		•		•		,
Student tuition and fees		112,597 218,225		112,043 211,382		110,582 215,015
Donations and other grants		126,226		132,733		136,919
Investment income (Note 17)		42,952		50,583		45,826
Investment (loss) gain in government business enterprises (Note 8)		(2,720)		(3,116)		2,497
invocation (1000) gain in government business enterprises (11010 e)	\$	1,218,013	\$	1,245,191	\$	1,211,397
Expense	<u> </u>	-,,		-,,	T	.,,
Academic costs and institutional support	\$	754,411	\$	703,863	\$	673,056
Research	,	279,097	•	321,767	•	283,561
Special purpose and trust		69,159		63,890		85,418
Facilities operations and maintenance		66,035		63,814		63,921
Ancillary services		49,311		37,945		39,741
•	\$	1,218,013	\$	1,191,279	\$	1,145,697
Excess of revenue over expense		•	\$	53,912	\$	65,700
Change in accumulated operating surplus			\$	53,912	\$	65,700
Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of year			-	536,032		470,332
Accumulated operating surplus, end of year			\$	589,944	\$	536,032

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS AND LOSSES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



	2015		2014
Accumulated remeasurement gains, beginning of year	\$ 6,674	\$ 4	1,754
Unrealized gains (losses) attributable to:	(00)		005
Foreign exchange	(22)	2	265
Portfolio investments	9,452	2	2,987
Amounts reclassified to statement of operations:			
Foreign exchange	(265)		(407)
Portfolio investments	379		(925)
Accumulated remeasurement gains, end of year	\$ 16,218	\$ 6	6,674

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



		2015		2014
Operating transactions				
Excess of revenue over expense	\$	53,912	\$	65,700
Add (deduct) non-cash items:	•	404 504	Φ.	400.040
Amortization of tangible capital assets Gifts in kind received	\$	121,521 (554)	\$	102,046
Expended capital recognized as revenue		(89,391)		(73,851)
Change in investment in government business enterprises		3,116		(2,497)
(Decrease) increase in employee future benefit liabilities		(1,695)		2,860
Change in non-cash items	\$	32,997	\$	28,558
Decrease in accounts receivable		24,657		10,185
Increase in inventory and prepaid expenses		(1,373)		(1,961)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase in deferred revenue, less expended capital recognized as revenue		7,596 116,897		27,086 53,654
Cash provided by operating transactions	\$	234,686	\$	183,222
	Ψ	204,000	Ψ	100,222
Capital transactions			_	
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	\$	(204,648)	\$	(154,621)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Cash applied to capital transactions	\$	12 (204,636)	C	(154.612)
Cash applied to capital transactions	Ψ	(204,636)	Ф	(154,613)
Investing transactions				
Purchases of portfolio investments	\$	(287,468)	\$	(215,837)
Proceeds on sale of portfolio investments		1,487		2,565
Endowment investment - realized gains capitalized (Note 12) Cash applied to investing transactions	\$	23,207 (262,774)	•	25,889 (187,383)
Cash applied to investing transactions	—	(202,774)	Ф	(107,303)
Financing transactions				
Endowment donations (Note 12)	\$	62,037	\$	9,212
Debt - repayment		(21,735)		(5,049)
Debt - new financing		40.000	•	147,500
Cash provided by financing transactions	\$	40,306	\$	151,663
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(192,418)	\$	(7,111)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		392,288		399,399
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	199,870	\$	392,288



1. Authority and purpose

The Governors of the University of Calgary is a corporation which manages and operates the University of Calgary ("the University") under the *Post-secondary Learning Act* (Alberta). All members of the Board of Governors are appointed by either the Lieutenant Governor in Council or the Minister of Innovation and Advanced Education, with the exception of the Chancellor and President, who are ex officio members. Under the *Post-secondary Learning Act*, Campus Alberta Sector Regulation, the University is a comprehensive academic and research institution offering undergraduate and graduate degree programs as well as a full range of continuing education programs and activities. The University is a registered charity, and under section 149 of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), is exempt from the payment of income tax. This tax exemption does not extend to its wholly-owned subsidiaries, University Technologies Group and West Campus Development Corporation.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies and reporting practices

(a) General – Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards and use of estimates

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards ("PSAS").

The measurement of certain assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses are contingent upon future events; therefore, the preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires the use of estimates, which may vary from actual results. Management uses judgment to determine such estimates. Amortization of tangible capital assets, recognition of deferred revenue related to restricted grants and donations, and employee future benefit liabilities are the most significant items based on estimates. In management's opinion, the resulting estimates are within reasonable limits of materiality and are in accordance with the significant accounting policies summarized below. These significant accounting policies are presented to assist the reader in evaluating these consolidated financial statements and, together with the following notes, should be considered an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Net debt model presentation

PSAS require a net debt presentation for the consolidated statement of financial position in the summary financial statements of governments. Net debt presentation reports the difference between financial assets and liabilities as net debt or net financial assets as an indicator of future revenues required to pay for past transactions and events. The University operates within the government reporting entity and does not finance all of its expenditures by independently raising revenues. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements do not report a net debt indicator.

(c) Valuation of financial assets and liabilities

The University's financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

Financial statement component	Measurement
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized cost
Portfolio investments	Fair value
Accounts receivable	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Debt	Amortized cost

Unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of unrestricted financial instruments are recognized in the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses. Upon settlement, the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

Unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of restricted financial instruments are recognized as a liability under deferred revenue or endowments as appropriate based on the restrictions on the earnings on the related restricted financial instrument.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



2. Summary of significant accounting policies and reporting practices (Continued)

(c) Valuation of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

All financial assets are assessed annually for impairment. Impaired financial losses are recognized as a decrease in revenue, except for the restricted amount which is recognized as a decrease in deferred revenue or a decrease in endowment net assets. A writedown of an investment to reflect a loss in value is not reversed for a subsequent increase in value.

For financial instruments measured using amortized cost, the effective interest rate method is used to determine interest revenue or expense. Transaction costs are a component of cost for financial instruments measured using cost or amortized cost. Transaction costs are expensed for financial instruments measured at fair value. Investment management fees are expensed as incurred. The purchase and sale of cash and cash equivalents and portfolio investments are accounted for using trade-date accounting.

University management evaluates contractual obligations for the existence of embedded derivatives and elects to either designate the entire contract at fair value or separately measure the value of the derivative component when characteristics of the derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the contract itself. Contracts to buy or sell non-financial items for the University's normal course of business requirements are not recognized as financial assets or financial liabilities. The University does not participate in any derivative contracts with the exception of non-financial items which are purchased for the University's usage requirements.

(d) Revenue recognition

All revenue is reported on the accrual basis. Cash received for which goods or services have not been provided is recognized as deferred revenue.

Government grants, non-government grants and donations

Government transfers are referred to as government grants.

Restricted grants and donations are recognized as deferred revenue if the terms for use, or the terms along with the University's actions and communications as to the use, create a liability. These grants and donations are recognized as revenue as the terms are met. If the grants and donations are used to acquire or construct tangible capital assets, revenue will be recognized over the useful life of the tangible capital asset.

Government grants without terms for the use of the grant are recognized as revenue when the University is eligible to receive the funds. Unrestricted non-government grants and donations are recognized as revenue in the year received or in the year the funds are committed to the University if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

In-kind donations of services, materials, and tangible capital assets are recognized at fair value when a fair value can be reasonably determined. Volunteers as well as University staff contribute an indeterminable number of hours per year to assist the University in carrying out its mandate; such contributed services are not recognized in these consolidated financial statements.

Grants and donations related to land

Grants and donations for the purchase of land are recognized as deferred revenue when received and recognized as revenue when the land is purchased. An in-kind grant or donation of land is recognized as revenue at the fair value of the land when a fair value can be reasonably determined. When the fair value cannot reasonably be determined, the in-kind grant or donation is recorded at nominal value.

Endowments

Donations that must be maintained in perpetuity are recognized as a direct increase in endowment net assets when received or receivable. Investment income and unrealized gains and losses that also must be maintained in perpetuity are recognized as endowment net assets when received or receivable.



2. Summary of significant accounting policies and reporting practices (Continued)

(d) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Investment income

Investment income includes dividends, interest income, and realized gains or losses on the sale of investments. Unrealized gains and losses on investments from unrestricted grants and donations are recognized in the accumulated remeasurement gains and losses until settlement. Once realized, these gains and losses are recognized as revenue or expense in the consolidated statement of operations. Investment income from restricted grants and donations is recognized as deferred revenue when the terms for use create a liability, and is recognized as revenue in the consolidated statement of operations when the terms of the grants or donations are met.

(e) Inventory

Inventory held for resale is valued at the lower of cost and expected net realizable value and are determined using the weighted average method. Inventory held for consumption is valued at cost.

(f) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the asset. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset. Work in progress, which includes facilities and improvement projects and development of information systems, is not amortized until after the project is complete and the asset is in service.

The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land, is amortized on a straightline basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Building, utilities and site improvements

Furnishings, equipment and systems

Learning resources

20-40 years
3-10 years
10 years

Tangible capital assets writedowns are recorded when conditions indicate they no longer contribute to the University's ability to provide services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the capital assets are less than their net book value. The net write-downs are recognized as expense in the consolidated statement of operations. Intangible assets, works of art, historical treasures and collections are expensed when acquired and not recognized as tangible capital assets.

(g) Employee future benefits

Pension

The University participates with other employers in the Public Service Pension Plan (PSPP) and the Universities Academic Pension Plan (UAPP). These pension plans are multi-employer defined benefit pension plans that provide pensions for the University's participating employees based on years of service and earnings.

Pension expense for the UAPP is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method prorated on service and is allocated to each participant based on their respective percentage of pensionable earnings. Actuarial gains or losses on the accrued benefit obligation are amortized over the expected average remaining service life.

The University does not have sufficient plan information on the PSPP to follow the standards for defined benefit accounting, and therefore follows the standards for defined contribution accounting. Accordingly, pension expense recorded for the PSPP is comprised of employer contributions to the plan that are required for its employees during the year, which are calculated based on actuarially predetermined amounts that are expected to provide the plan's future benefits.

Supplementary retirement plans

The pension expense for defined benefit supplementary retirement plans is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method prorated on service. Actuarial gains or losses on the accrued benefit obligation are amortized over the expected service lifetime for each plan participant.



2. Summary of significant accounting policies and reporting practices (Continued)

(h) Investment in government not for profit organization and government partnership

The consolidated financial statements include the financial results of the Arctic Institute of North America ("AINA"), a nonprofit organization controlled by the University. AINA operates under the authority of the Act of the Federal Parliament (910 George VI, Chapter 45) to initiate, encourage and support northern research and to advance the study of arctic conditions.

Proportionate consolidation is used to record the University's share of the following government partnerships:

- Tri-University Meson Facility (TRIUMF) (8.33% interest) a joint venture with eleven other universities to operate a subatomic physics research facility.
- Western Canadian Universities Marine Sciences Society (20% interest) a government partnership with five other universities to provide research infrastructure in the marine sciences for its member universities and the worldwide scientific community.

(i) Investment in government business enterprises

Government business enterprises, owned or controlled by the University but not dependent on the University for their continuing operations, are included in the consolidated financial statements using the modified equity method. Under the modified equity method, the equity method of accounting is modified only to the extent that the business entity accounting principles are not adjusted to conform to those of the University. Thus, the University's investment in these entities is recorded at acquisition cost and is increased for the proportionate share of post acquisition earnings and decreased by post acquisition losses and distributions received. Wholly-owned entities accounted for by the modified equity basis include University Technologies Group ("UTI") and West Campus Development Corporation ("WCDC").

(j) Funds and reserves

Certain amounts, as approved by the Board of Governors, are set aside in accumulated surplus for future operating and capital purposes. Transfers to / from funds and reserves are an adjustment to the respective fund when approved.

(k) Foreign currency translation

Transaction amounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated into their Canadian dollar equivalents at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Carrying values of monetary assets and liabilities and non-monetary items included in the fair value category reflect the exchange rates at the consolidated statement of financial position date. Unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

In the period of settlement, foreign exchange gains and losses are reclassified to the consolidated statement of operations, and the cumulative amount of remeasurement gains and losses is reversed in the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

(I) Expense by Function

The University used the following function categories on its consolidated statement of operations:

Academic costs and institutional support

Academic costs and institutional support includes expenses relating to activities directly and indirectly supporting innovative learning, programming, and teaching as well as administration and governance functions of the University.

Research

Research expenses relate primarily to activity funded by externally sponsored research funds intended for specific research purposes as well as internal funds designated for research related spending.

Special purpose and trust

Special purpose and trust is comprised of expenses relating to externally restricted funding for non-research related activities including scholarships and community service.



2. Summary of significant accounting policies and reporting practices (Continued)

(I) Expense by Function (Continued)

Facilities operations and maintenance

Facilities operations and maintenance function includes centralized management and maintenance of grounds and facilities, and buildings. Examples include utilities, facilities administration, building maintenance, custodial services, landscaping and grounds keeping, and major repairs and renovations.

Ancillary services

Ancillary expenses relate to secondary services available to students, faculty, and staff. Services include on campus residence, food services, university bookstores, microstore, Hotel Alma, and conference services.

(m) Future accounting changes

In March 2015, the Public Sector Accounting Board issued PS 2200 - Related party disclosures and PS 3420 Inter-entity transactions. These accounting standards are effective for fiscal years starting on or after April 1, 2017.

- PS 2200 Related party disclosures defines a related party and identifies disclosures for related parties and related party transactions, including key management personnel and close family members.
- PS 3420 Inter-entity transactions, establishes standards on how to account for and report transactions between public sector entities that comprise a government's reporting entity from both a provider and recipient perspective.

The University is currently assessing the impact of these new standards on the consolidated financial statements. The University discloses transactions and balances related to the Government of Alberta in Note 20.

3. Changes in Accounting Policies

(a) Liability for contaminated sites

Effective April 1, 2014, the University adopted the Public Sector Accounting Board's ("PSAB") new recommendations for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of a liability associated with the remediation of contaminated sites under PS 3260 *Liability for Contaminated Sites*. The new standard defines activities included in a liability for remediation, establishes when to recognize and how to measure a liability for remediation, and provides the related financial statement presentation and disclosure requirements. Pursuant to these recommendations, the change was applied retrospectively.

A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized at the best estimate of the amount required to remediate the contaminated site when contamination exceeding an environmental standard exists, the University is either directly responsible or accepts responsibility, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the amount is determinable. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to remediation activities and is reduced by expected net recoveries based on information available.

The University has confirmed all of its sites are currently under productive use and there is no contamination exceeding an environmental standard. There is no financial statement impact on the consolidated financial statements from the retrospective application of the new accounting recommendations.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

	2015	2014	
Cash Money market funds, short-term notes and treasury bills	\$ 12,385 187,485	\$	3,810 388,478
	\$ 199,870	\$	392,288

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term investments with a maturity less than three months from the date of acquisition.



5. Portfolio investments

The composition, fair value, and annual market yields on portfolio investments are as follows:

	2015						
	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3			Total
Investments at fair value: Bonds Canadian government and corporate Pooled investment funds - Canadian	\$	- \$	529,240 184,123	\$	- -	\$	529,240 184,123
government and corporate bonds Equities			, ,				,
Canadian equity Foreign equity Pooled investment funds - Canadian equity Pooled investment funds - foreign equity Other	112,9 3,4		- - 154,401 300,203		-		112,919 3,435 154,401 300,203
Cash and money market funds Guaranteed investment certificate (GICs) Canadian mortgage Floating rate notes	36,5 150,6		- - 215,176 44,388		- - -		36,575 150,679 215,176 44,388
	\$ 303,6	08 \$	1,427,531	\$	-	\$	1,731,139
			201	4			
	Level 1		Level 2	Level	3		Total
Investments at fair value: Bonds							
Canadian government and corporate Pooled investment funds - Canadian government and corporate bonds Equities	\$	- \$ -	480,810 158,724	\$	-	\$	480,810 158,724
Canadian equity Pooled investment funds - Canadian equity Pooled investment funds - foreign equity	83,6	40 - -	165,791 260,834		- - -		83,640 165,791 260,834
Other Canadian mortgage Floating rate notes		-	202,537 42,937		- -		202,537 42,937
	\$ 83,6	40 \$	1,311,633	\$	-	\$	1,395,273

The above tables provide an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the assets that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).



6. Financial risk management

Market price risk

The University is exposed to market price risk, the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual security, its issuer or general market factors affecting all securities. To manage this risk, the University has established an investment policy with a target asset mix that is diversified by asset class with individual issuer limits and is designed to achieve a long-term rate of return that in real terms equals or exceeds total endowment expenditures with an acceptable level of risk.

The following details the University's portfolio sensitivity to an 7.0% increase or decrease in the market prices. The sensitivity rate is determined using the historical annualized standard deviation for the total endowment fund over a four year period. At March 31, 2015, if market prices had an 7.0% (2014 - 8.0%) increase or decrease with all other variables held constant, the increase or decrease in accumulated remeasurement gains and losses, endowment net assets, and deferred revenue for the year would have totalled \$52,739 (2014 - \$53,597).

The University's management for risk has not changed from the prior year.

Foreign currency risk

The University is exposed to foreign currency risk on investments that are denominated in foreign currencies, specifically U.S. dollars. The University does not use currency hedging or currency forward contracts or any other type of derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The impact of a change in value of U.S. dollar is as follows:

Currency		F	air Value	2.5	% decrease	1.0	% decrease	1.0	% increase	2.5	% increase
US dollar	US equity	\$	158,102	\$	154,149	\$	156,521	\$	159,683	\$	162,055
US dollar	International equity	\$	142,081	\$	138,529	\$	140,660	\$	143,502	\$	145,633

The University has a contract with the Qatari government to operate a campus in Qatar. Expenses incurred are recovered from the government of Qatar and claims are adjusted to reflect currency fluctuations, thus reducing exchange risk exposure to the University.

Credit risk

The University is exposed to credit risk on investments arising from the potential failure of a counterparty, debtor or issuer to honour its contractual obligations. To manage this risk, the University only invests in investment grade issuers as guided by the Investment policy. The credit risk from accounts receivable is relatively low as the majority of balances are due from government agencies and corporate sponsors. Credit risk from tuition is managed through restricted enrolment activities for students with delinquent balances and maintaining standard collection procedures.

The credit rating for Canadian government and corporate bonds held is as follows:

Credit Rating	2015	2014
AAA	41.61 %	39.77 %
AA	32.18 %	34.05 %
A	11.89 %	26.18 %
BBB	14.32 %	-
	100.00 %	100.00 %

Liquidity risk

The University maintains a line of credit designed to ensure availablity of funds to meet current and forecasted financial requirements as cost effectively as possible. At March 31, 2015 the University has committed borrowing facilities of \$15,000 none of which has been drawn.



6. Financial risk management (Continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows or fair values will fluctuate due to the volatility of market interest rates. The University is exposed to this risk on its interest bearing assets, cash deposits and bonds. Cash deposits are affected directly as they earn interest at market rates. Bonds are affected indirectly as they are subject to fluctuations in market values. Bonds are currently invested at the shorter end of the yield curve to reduce market value volatility. Interest risk on the Institution's debt is managed through fixed-rate agreements with Alberta Capital Finance Authority (note 10).

The terms to maturity of interest-bearing securities held by the University are as follows:

Asset class	< 1 year	1 - 5 years	> 5 years	Average effective market yield
Money market funds, short-term notes and treasury bills	100.00 %	-	-	1.45 %
Canadian government and corporate bonds	13.53 %	75.54 %	10.93 %	1.19 %
Canadian mortgage fund	11.87 %	57.88 %	30.25 %	2.66 %
Floating rate notes	-	100.00 %	-	2.00 %

7. Tangible capital assets

2015					
	utilities and site eq	nishings, Learning puipment resources systems		Total	
Cost Beginning of year Additions Disposals	150,239 48	1,512 \$ 202,338 8,796 9,308 5,911) (1,977)	\$ 14,082	\$ 2,957,261 159,481 (5,893)	
	\$ 2,312,289 \$ 774	4,397 \$ 209,669	\$ 14,082 \$ 3,310,437	\$ 3,110,849	
Accumulated amortization Beginning of year Additions Disposals	66,600 40	0,370 \$ 160,427 6,046 8,875 5,899) (1,977)	\$ - \$1,484,000 - 121,521 - (8,743)	\$ 1,387,839 102,046 (5,885)	
	\$ 778,936 \$ 650	0,517 \$ 167,325	\$ - \$1,596,778	\$ 1,484,000	
Net book value at March 31, 2015	\$ 1,533,353 \$ 12	3,880 \$ 42,344	\$ 14,082 \$ 1,713,659	\$ 1,626,849	
Net book value at March 31, 2014	\$ 1,449,714 \$ 12	1,142 \$ 41,911	\$ 14,082 \$ 1,626,849		

Additions to tangible capital assets includes capitalized interest of \$4,201 (2014 - \$1,258).

Included in buildings, utilities and site improvements is \$196,989 (2014 - \$154,985) and in furnishings, equipment and systems is \$30,955 (2014 - \$32,155) recorded as construction in progress, which is not amortized as the assets are not yet available for use.

Acquisitions during the year included in-kind contributions (such as learning resources, equipment, software, buildings and land) in the amount of \$3,695 (2014 - \$4,860).



8. Investment in government business enterprises

University Technologies Group ("UTI") and West Campus Development Corporation ("WCDC") are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the University of Calgary. UTI Group operates to facilitate the transfer of intellectual property from the University to private business, thereby commercializing the scientific innovations of University researchers. The WCDC operates as trustee of the West Campus Development Trust ("WCDT"), which will sublease land to developers for the commercialization of residential and commercial development. The University is the beneficiary of WCDT and will receive distributions from the trust once leases are in place with developers.

The following table provides condensed supplementary financial information reported separately for each Investment in Government Business Enterprise owned by the University; namely the UTI and WCDT.

·	Jniversity G	Tec roup					mpus ent Trust	т	otal	
	2015		2014		2015		2014	2015		2014
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Promissory notes receivable Prepaid expenses Investments Capital assets Development costs	\$ 4,649 3,016 84 27 847 29	\$	2,557 8,994 60 23 926 49	\$	- 56 - 19 - 171 1,562	\$	31 126 - 25 - 223	\$ 4,649 3,072 84 46 847 200 1,562	\$	2,588 9,120 60 48 926 272
Intangible assets	1,125	•	1,145	_	4 000	•	-	1,125	•	1,145
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Income taxes payable Deferred revenue Long term debt	\$ 9,777 \$ 1,890 6 611	\$	5,345 6 172	\$	957 - - 7,535	\$	73 - - 4,861	\$ 2,847 6 611 7,535	\$	5,418 6 172 4,861
	\$ 2,507	\$	5,523	\$	8,492	\$	4,934	\$ 10,999	\$	10,457
Equity Share capital Deficit	\$ 5,352 1,918	\$	5,333 2,898		- (6,684)		- (4,529)	\$ 5,352 (4,766)	\$	5,333 (1,631)
	\$ 7,270	\$	8,231	\$	(6,684)	\$	(4,529)	\$ 586	\$	3,702
	\$ 9,777	\$	13,754	\$	1,808	\$	405	\$ 11,585	\$	14,159
	2015		2014		2015		2014	2015		2014
Net Income Revenues Expenses	\$ 2,127 3,088	\$	7,387 2,333	\$	- 2,155	\$	- 2,557	\$ 2,127 5,243	\$	7,387 4,890
	\$ (961)	\$	5,054	\$	(2,155)	\$	(2,557)	\$ (3,116)	\$	2,497

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



9. Employee future benefit liabilities

Employee future benefit liabilities are comprised of the following:

	2015	2014
Universities Academic Pension Plan	\$ 120,211	\$ 123,199
Long-term Disability	2,360	1,855
Senior Management Administrative Leave Plan	499	379
Supplemental Retirement Pension Plan	9,502	8,834
	\$ 132,572	\$ 134,267

(a) Defined benefit plans accounted for on a defined benefit basis

Universities Academic Pension Plan ("UAPP")

The UAPP is a multiemployer contributory joint defined benefit pension plan for academic and professional staff members. An actuarial valuation of the UAPP was carried out as at December 31, 2012 and was then extrapolated to March 31, 2015, resulting in a UAPP deficiency of \$1,129,894 (2014 - \$1,056,921) consisting of a pre-1992 deficiency (\$883,098) and a post-1991 deficiency (\$246,796). The University's portion of the UAPP deficiency has been allocated based on its percentage of the plan's total employer contributions for the year.

The unfunded deficiency for service prior to January 1, 1992 is financed by additional contributions of 1.25% (2014 - 1.25%) of salaries by the Government of Alberta. Employees and employers equally share the balance of the contributions of 2.87% (2014 - 2.87%) of salaries required to eliminate the unfunded deficiency by December 31, 2043. The Government of Alberta's obligation for the future additional contributions was \$313,536 at March 31, 2015. The unfunded deficiency for service after December 31, 1991 is financed by special payments of 5.79% (2014 - 5.54%) of salaries until December 31, 2021, 1.71% (2014 - 1.71%) of salaries for 2022 and 2023, 0.70% (2014 - 0.70%) of salaries for 2024 and 2025, and 0.25% (2014 - 0.25%) of salaries for 2026 and 2027, all shared equally between employees and employers.

Supplementary retirement plans ("SRP")

The University provides non-contributory defined benefit supplementary retirement benefits to executives. An actuarial valuation of these benefits was carried out as at March 31, 2015.



9. Employee future benefit liabilities (Continued)

The expenses and financial position of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

		March 3	1, 2	2015		March 31, 2014					
	UAPP Long term Supplementary disability (1) retirement (1)		UAPP	Long term disability ⁽¹⁾		Supplementa retirement (
Expenses Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of net actuarial	\$	26,559 9,188	\$	- 51	\$ 663 358	\$	27,295 9,457	\$	- 49	\$	615 303
losses (gains) Past service costs		1,089 -		(126) 758	(4) -		2,658 -		(567) 603		14 -
Total expenses	\$	36,836	\$	683	\$ 1,017	\$	39,410	\$	85	\$	932
Financial Position											
Accrued benefit obligation: Balance, beginning of year Current service cost Interest cost Benefits paid Past service costs Actuarial loss (gain)	\$	686,002 26,559 46,000 (31,177) - 58,494	\$	1,855 - 51 (178) 758 (126)	\$ 9,737 663 358 (348) - 647	\$	609,195 27,295 38,644 (26,398) - 37,266	\$	1,956 - 49 (186) 603 (567)	\$	9,323 615 303 (319) - (185)
Balance, end of year	\$	785,878	\$	2,360	\$ 11,057	\$	686,002	\$	1,855	\$	9,737
Plan assets		638,544		-	-		553,437		-		-
Plan deficit	\$	(147,334)	\$	(2,360)	\$ (11,057)	\$	(132,565)	\$	(1,855)	\$	(9,737)
Unamortized net actuarial loss	\$	27,123	\$	-	\$ 1,555	\$	9,366	\$	-	\$	903
Accrued benefit liability	\$	(120,211)	\$	(2,360)	\$ (9,502)	\$	(123,199)	\$	(1,855)	\$	(8,834)

⁽¹⁾ The University plans to use its working capital to finance these future obligations.

The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the accrued benefit obligation are as follows:

March 31, 2015

March 31, 2014

	Maich 31,	2013		Watch 31, 2014				
	UAPP	Long term disability			Long term disability	Supplementary retirement		
Accrued benefit obligation:								
Discount rate	6.10 %	2.10 %	6 2.50 %	6.60 %	2.90 %	3.50 %		
Long term average compensation increase	3.50 %	n/a	a 3.00 %	3.50 %	n/a	4.00 %		
Benefit cost: Discount rate Long term average	6.60 %	2.10 %	% 3.50 %	6.60 %	2.90 %	3.10 %		
compensation increase	3.50 %	n/a	a 3.00 %	3.50 %	n/a	4.00 %		
Alberta inflation (long term) Estimated average remaining	2.25 %	n/a	a 1.50 %	2.25 %	n/a	2.50 %		
service life	8.6 yrs	7.87 yrs	s ⁽¹⁾	8.6 yrs	7.62 yrs	(1)		

⁽¹⁾ SRP actuarial gains and losses and past service costs are amortized over the remaining contract terms of the participants.



9. Employee future benefit liabilities (Continued)

(b) Defined benefit plans accounted for on a defined contribution basis

PSPP

The Public Service Pension Plan ("PSPP") is a multi-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan for support staff members. As the University does not have sufficient information to follow the accounting standards for defined benefit plans, PSPP is accounted for on a defined contribution basis. The pension expense recorded in these consolidated financial statements is \$22,084 (2014 - \$20,957).

An actuarial valuation of the PSPP was carried out as at December 31, 2013 and was then extrapolated to December 31, 2014. At December 31, 2014, the PSPP reported an actuarial deficiency of \$803,299 (2013 - \$1,254,678). For the year ended December 31, 2014 PSPP reported employer contributions of \$326,134 (2013 - \$315,830). For the 2014 calendar year, the University's employer contributions were \$21,819 (2013 - \$20,730). The PSPP's deficiency is being discharged through additional contributions from both employees and employers until 2026 (2013 – 2028). Other than the requirement to make additional contributions, the University does not bear any risk related to the PSPP deficiency.

Interest

10. Debt

Debt is measured at amortized cost and is comprised of the following:

			interest			
C	ollateral	Maturity date	rate %	2015		2014
Debentures payable to Alberta Capital Finance Aut						
Debenture for Schulich Expansion	(1)	December 2017	1.61% \$	45,358	\$	60,000
Debenture for Cascade Hall	(1)	May 2025	6.25%	10,291		10,929
Debenture for Residence Renewal Program	(1)	September 2026	4.43%	12,325		13,132
Debenture for Downtown Campus	(2)	March 2031	4.27%	12,920		13,473
Debenture for Health Renovation Innovation Centre/Parkade	(1)	April 2031	4.94%	4,668		4,848
Debenture for Child Development Centre/Park	ade ⁽¹⁾	June 2032	5.25%	1,601		1,656
Debenture for International Residence House	(1)	September 2032	4.69%	21,438		22,214
Debenture for Residences	(1)	December 2038	3.90%	85,380		87,500
Debenture for International Residence House	(1)	June 2039	5.10%	26,937		27,480
Debenture for Phase VI Residence	(1)	March 2040	4.73%	55,718		56,865
Mortgages payable to Canada Mortgage and Housi	ing Corpora	ation:		•		
Mortgage for Dining Centre, Kananaskis and Rundle Halls	(3)	March 2016	5.13%	116		226
Bank loans payable:						
Demand Ioan for Western Canadian Universitie	29 (3)	November 2014	3.66%	_		2
Marine Sciences Society		November 2014	3.0070	_		2
Demand Ioan for Western Canadian Universitie	es ⁽³⁾	April 2015	3.52%	3		9
Marine Sciences Society	(2)	A "LOO45	4.000/			200
Demand Ioan for Western Canadian Universitie	es ⁽³⁾	April 2015	4.93%	272		292
Marine Sciences Society	(2)		/			
Demand loan for Western Canadian Universitie	es ⁽³⁾	March 2020	6.85%	4		-
Marine Sciences Society						
			\$	277,031	\$	298,626
Obligations under capital leases			\$	135	\$	271
			\$	277,166	\$	298.897
			Ψ	,.50	Ψ	_00,001

⁽¹⁾ general security agreement; (2) title to land, building; (3) none

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



10. Debt (Continued)

Interest expense on debt recorded in these consolidated statements is \$7,223 (2014 - \$7,505) of which \$4,201 (2014 - \$1,258) was capitalized. Principal and interest repayments are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 22,543 \$	11,013 \$	33,556
2017	22,583	10,426	33,009
2018	23,172	9,837	33,009
2019	8,172	9,290	17,462
2020	8,550	8,911	17,461
Thereafter	192,146	85,215	277,361
	\$ 277,166 \$	134,692 \$	411,858

11. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue is comprised of unearned externally restricted grants and donations, unearned tuition and other fees.

Bolomou revenue le compnece et ancamea	2015									
		search and ial purpose		Capital	Tuition and fees other	Total				
Balance, beginning of year Grants, tuition and donations received Investment income Unearned capital acquisition transfers Recognized as revenue	\$	487,655 395,975 22,116 (35,132) (373,063)	\$	1,239,785 70,511 558 35,132 (90,377)	\$	23,784 211,334 - - (209,548)	\$	1,751,224 677,820 22,674 - (672,988)		
	\$	497,551	\$	1,255,609	\$	25,570	\$	1,778,730		
				20)14					
	D	ocearch and		Canital		Tuition and		Total		

		20)14			
	 esearch and cial purpose	Capital		Tuition and fees other	Total	
Balance, beginning of year Grants, tuition and donations received Investment income Unearned capital acquisition transfers Recognized as revenue	\$ 494,013 \$ 372,927 21,260 (51,409) (349,136)	1,246,685 16,758 255 51,409 (75,322)	\$	30,723 \$ 218,847 - - (225,786)	1,771,421 608,532 21,515 - (650,244)	
	\$ 487,655 \$	1,239,785	\$	23,784 \$	1,751,224	

Capital is comprised of \$1,240,885 (2014 - \$1,232,128) restricted grants and donations spent on capital acquisitions and \$14,724 (2014 - \$7,657) of unspent restricted grants and donations. The expended capital is unearned as the terms will be met over the useful life of the asset.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



12. Endowments

Endowments consist of externally restricted donations received by the University and internal allocations by the University's Board of Governors, the principal of which is required to be maintained intact in perpetuity.

Investment income earned on endowments must be used in accordance with the various purposes established by the donors or the Board of Governors. Benefactors as well as University policy stipulate that the economic value of the endowments must be protected by limiting the amount of income that may be expended and reinvesting unexpended income.

Under the *Post-secondary Learning Act*, the University has the authority to alter the terms and conditions of endowments to enable:

- Income earned by the endowment to be withheld from distribution to avoid fluctuations in the amounts distributed and generally to regulate the distribution of income earned by the endowment.
- Encroachment on the capital of the endowment to avoid fluctuations in the amounts distributed and generally to regulate the distribution of income earned by the endowment if, in the opinion of the Board of Governors, the encroachment benefits the University and does not impair the long-term value of the fund.

In any year, if the investment income earned on endowments is insufficient to fund the spending allocation, the spending allocation is funded from the cumulative capitalized income. However, for individual endowment funds without sufficient cumulative capitalized income, endowment principal is used in that year. This amount is expected to be recovered by future investment income.

The composition of endowments is as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year Endowment donations Investment - realized gains capitalized Investment - unrealized gains capitalized	\$ 661,842 62,037 23,207 43,482	\$ 568,310 9,212 25,889 58,431
Balance, end of year	\$ 790,568	\$ 661,842
Cumulative donations Cumulative capitalized income	\$ 472,107 318,461	\$ 410,070 251,772
Balance, end of year	\$ 790,568	\$ 661,842

Included in the ending endowment balance is the fair value unrealized gains of \$149,592 (2014 - \$106,110).



13. Accumulated operating surplus

The composition of accumulated operating surplus is as follows:

	Unrestricted Net Assets	Investment in Capital Assets	ı	Internally Restricted Net Assets	Accumulated Operating Surplus
Balance April 1, 2013	\$ 64,021	\$ 188,420	\$	217,891 \$	470,332
Excess of revenue over expense	65,700	-		-	65,700
Acquisition of capital assets	(40,341)	78,381		(38,040)	-
Amortization of capital assets	28,195	(28,195)		-	-
Debt repayment	(4,944)	4,944		-	-
Debt new financing	33,143	(33,143)		-	-
Transfers to internally restricted surplus	(72,942)	-		72,942	
Balance March 31, 2014	\$ 72,832	\$ 210,407	\$	252,793 \$	536,032
Excess of revenue over expense	53,912	-		-	53,912
Acquisition of capital assets	(80,929)	110,183		(29,254)	-
Amortization of capital assets	32,132	(32,132)		-	-
Debt repayment	(9,030)	9,030		-	-
Debt new financing	60,304	(60,304)		-	-
Transfers to internally restricted surplus	(73,247)	-		73,247	
Balance March 31, 2015	\$ 55,974	\$ 237,184	\$	296,786 \$	589,944

Internally restricted net assets

Internally restricted net assets represent amounts set aside by the University's Board of Governors for specific purposes. Those amounts are not available for other purposes without the approval of the Board and do not have interest allocated to them. Internally restricted net assets are summarized as follows:

	2015	2014
Capital activities Operating activities	\$ 31,279 190,447	\$ 23,660 187.641
Research activities	75,060	41,492
	\$ 296,786	\$ 252,793

14. Contingent liabilities and guarantees

The University has identified potential asset retirement obligations related to the existence of asbestos in a number of its facilities. Although not a current health hazard, upon renovation or demolition of these facilities, the University may be required to take appropriate remediation procedures to remove the asbestos. As the University has no legal obligation to remove the asbestos in these facilities as long as the asbestos is contained and does not pose a public health risk, the fair value of the obligation cannot be reasonably estimated due to the indeterminate timing and scope of the removal. The asset retirement obligations for these assets will be recorded in the period in which there is certainty that the capital project will proceed and there is sufficient information to estimate fair value of the obligation.

At March 31, 2015 the University had entered into agreements that provide guarantees on employee housing loans in the amount of \$766 (2014 - \$782). These amounts are not recorded in the consolidated financial statements.



15. Contractual obligations

The University has contractual obligations which are commitments that will become liabilities in the future when the terms of the contracts or agreements are met.

The estimated aggregate amount payable for the unexpired terms of these contractual obligations are as follows:

	Serv	Service Contracts		Capital Projects		ng term leases		Total
2016	\$	50,342	\$	88,612	\$	4.171	\$	143,125
2017	Ψ	12,658	Ψ	-	Ψ	3,898	Ψ	16,556
2018		8,177		-		3,681		11,858
2019		4,750		-		3,611		8,361
2020		-		-		3,449		3,449
Thereafter		-		-		42,659		42,659
	\$	75,927	\$	88,612	\$	61,469	\$	226,008

Included in service contracts are outstanding supplies and services purchase orders and contracts to purchase electricity and natural gas. To manage its risk exposure to electricity and natural gas, the University has entered into an Electricity Purchase Agreement, expiring March 31, 2017 and an Energy Purchase Agreement expiring October 31, 2018 based on indexed (floating on the spot market) prices with an option to hedge any portion of the requirement at any time. At March 31, 2015 the University had hedged a portion of these contracts by fixing the price on a portion of its estimated electricity and natural gas consumption. Using best estimates of future consumption and forward market prices on March 31, 2015, the estimated contractual obligations including executed hedge contracts are \$10,899 (2014 - \$18,537) for electricity and \$28,283 (2014 - \$32,189) for natural gas.

The University is one of 58 members of CURIE, the Canadian Universities Reciprocal Insurance Exchange, a self-insurance reciprocal established to share the insurable property, liability, and errors and omissions risks of member universities. The projected cost of claims against the exchange is based on actuarial projections and is funded through members' premiums. As at December 31, 2014 CURIE had a surplus of \$7,789 (2013 - \$12,338). The University participates in six of the underwriting periods, which have an accumulated surplus of \$74,231 (2013 - \$71,331) of which the University's pro rata share is approximately 5.86% (2013 - 5.82%). This surplus is not recorded in the consolidated financial statements.

16. Budget comparison

Budgeted figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the University's Comprehensive Institutional Plan as approved by the Board of Governors.

17. Investment income

	2015	2014	
Income on investments held for endowments Income on other investments	\$ 16,805 33,778	\$	17,552 28,604
	\$ 50,583	\$	46,156
Deferred	\$ -	\$	(330)
	\$ 50,583	\$	45,826

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



18. Expense by object

	2015 Budget		2015	2014	
Salaries	\$ 588,615	\$	576,545	\$	558,730
Employee benefits	114,028		102,314		116,982
Materials, supplies and services	264,426		242,058		227,012
Utilities	29,851		25,536		29,208
Maintenance and repairs	20,566		23,328		18,440
Scholarships and bursaries	78,283		87,910		79,496
Cost of goods sold	16,182		12,067		13,783
Amortization of tangible capital assets	106,062		121,521		102,046
	\$ 1,218,013	\$ 1	,191,279	\$	1,145,697

19. Funds held on behalf of others

The University holds the following funds on behalf of others over which the University's Board of Governors has no power of appropriation. Accordingly, these funds are not included in the University's consolidated financial statements.

	2015		2014
\$	8.041	\$	7,220
•	3,545	•	2,322
	1,014		798
	440		260
	245		207
	95		70
	86		-
	121		549
\$	13 587	\$	11,426
	\$	\$ 8,041 3,545 1,014 440 245 95 86	\$ 8,041 \$ 3,545 1,014 440 245 95 86 121

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(thousands of dollars)



20. Government of Alberta transactions and balances

The University operates under the authority and statutes of the Province of Alberta. Transactions and balances between the University and the Government of Alberta ("GOA") are measured at the exchange amount and summarized below.

		2015		2014
Grants from GOA				
Innovation and Advanced Education:				
Operating	\$	434,328	\$	427,138
Access to the future fund	·	27,355	•	_
Capital		47,162		9,937
Research		30,033		10,627
Alberta Innovates Bio Solutions		1,840		839
Alberta Innovates Energy and Environment		1,133		1,228
Alberta Innovates Health Solutions		33,989		38,024
Alberta Innovates Technology Futures		10,803		8,627
Other		1,263		11,291
Total Innovation and Advanced Education	\$	587,906	\$	507,711
Other post secondary institutions	\$	2,587	\$	2,791
Other GOA departments and agencies:				
Alberta Health and Wellness	\$	43,727	\$	13,560
Alberta Health Services		20,693		4,365
Other Other		2,939		8,190
Total other GOA departments and agencies	\$	67,359	\$	26,115
Total grants received	•	CE7 0E0	Φ.	F0C C47
Total grants received	\$	657,852	\$	536,617
Restricted expended capital recognized as revenue Less: amounts received for endowment		66,114		55,600
Less: deferred revenues		(33,992)		(16 612)
Less, deletted revenues		(75,755)		(16,613)
Government of Alberta Grants	\$	614,219	\$	575,604
Accounts receivable			_	
Innovation and Advanced Education	\$	1,156	\$	4,384
Other GOA departments and agencies		6,875		27,033
Other post secondary institutions		736		283
	\$	8,767	\$	31,700
Accounts payable				
Innovation and Advanced Education	\$	2	\$	_
Other GOA departments and agencies	Ψ	1,304	Ψ	1,927
Other post secondary institutions		238		207
	\$	1,544	\$	2,134
	_	1,017	7	

The University has debt with Alberta Capital Finance Authority as described in Note 10.



21. Salary and Employee Benefits

	2015							
	Base salary ⁽¹⁾	Other cash benefits ⁽²⁾	Other non-cash benefits (3) (4)	Total	Total			
Governance (5) Chair of the Board of Governors Members of the Board of Governors	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -			
Executive President (6)(7)	473	123	299	895	732			
Vice-Presidents: Provost and Vice President Academic Vice President Development	410	12	140	562	539			
Incumbent (8)	188	67	51	306	-			
Past Incumbent (8)(9) Vice President Facilities	86 315	159 17	93 109	338 441	403 65			
Vice President Finance and Services	222	8	76	306				
Incumbent ⁽¹⁰⁾ Past Incumbent ⁽¹⁰⁾	86	4	90	180	381			
Vice President Research Vice President University Relations	389 280	12 12	128 86	529 378	509 401			

- Base salary includes pensionable base pay.
- 2. Other cash benefits include administrative honorariums, bonuses, relocation benefits, executive allowances and lump sum payments.
- 3. Other non-cash benefits include the University's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, group life insurance, employee family assistance program, critical illness, supplementary health care, short and long-term disability plans, dental plan, supplemental retirement plan (per footnote (4)), accidental disability and dismemberment.
- 4. Under the terms of the supplementary retirement plan ("SRP"), the executive may receive supplemental retirement payments. Retirement arrangement costs as detailed are not cash payments in the period but are period expenses for rights to future compensation. Costs shown reflect the total estimated cost to provide annual pension income over an actuarially determined post-employment period. The SRP provides future pension benefits to participants based on years of service and earnings. The cost of these benefits is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method prorated on services, a market interest rate, and management's best estimate of other assumptions. Net actuarial gains and losses of the benefit obligations are amortized over the expected remaining service life of each plan participant or over the expected remaining lifetime for pensions in pay. Current service cost is the actuarial present value of the benefits earned in the current year. The components of the cost of the SRP include current service cost, amortization of actuarial gains and losses, past service costs on plan initiation, and interest accruing on the actuarial liability.
- 5. The Chair and Members of the Board of Governors receive no remuneration for participation on the Board.
- 6. The individual in this role received a vehicle allowance included in other cash benefits.
- 7. The individual in this role earned administrative leave benefits during the year that have been included in other non-cash benefits.
- 8. During the fiscal year, the Vice President Development Past Incumbent position was occupied for 3 months and the Vice President Development Incumbent position was held for 9 months.
- 9. The individual in this role earned administrative leave benefits during the year that have been included in other cash benefits.
- 10. During the fiscal year, the Vice President Finance and Services Past Incumbent position was occupied for 3 months and the Vice President Finance and Services Incumbent position was held for 9 months.



21. Salary and Employee Benefits (Continued)

The current service cost and accrued obligation for each executive under the SRP is outlined in the following table:

	Accrued Benefit Obligation March 31, 2014	costs	Interest costs	Actuarial Ioss (gain)	Benefits paid	
President	\$ 481	\$ 128	\$ 21	\$ 95	\$ -	\$ 725
Vice-Presidents:						
Provost and Vice President Academic	271	102	13	6	-	392
Vice President Development						
Incumbent	-	31	1	-	-	32
Past Incumbent	692	59	26	129	(14)	892
Vice President Facilities	13	79	3	(13)	-	82
Vice President Finance and Services						
Incumbent	-	54	2	-	-	56
Past Incumbent	321	67	14	(111)	-	291
Vice President Research	253	92	12	7	-	364
Vice President University Relations	155	52	7	16	-	230

The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the accrued benefit obligation are disclosed in Note 9.

The current service cost and accrued obligation for each executive under the Senior Management Administrative Leave Plan is outlined in the following table:

	ed Benefit Obligation h 31, 2014	Service costs	Interest costs	Actuarial loss (gain)	Be	nefits paid	ccrued Benefit Obligation March 31, 2015
President (1)	\$ 379	\$ 101	\$ 14	\$ 5	\$	-	\$ 499

⁽¹⁾ Only the President is eligible for administrative leave benefits.

The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the accrued benefit obligation for the Senior Management Administrative Leave Plan are based on a discount rate of 2.1% (2014 - 2.90%) and a yearly salary increase rate of 1.0% for the 1st year, 3% per annum thereafter (2014 - 4%). An administrative leave benefit loading rate of 20% (previously 15%) is applied to the President only.

22. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassifed to conform with current year presentation.



University of Calgary
2500 University Drive NW
Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2N 1N4
Website: http://www.ucalgary.ca/finance/